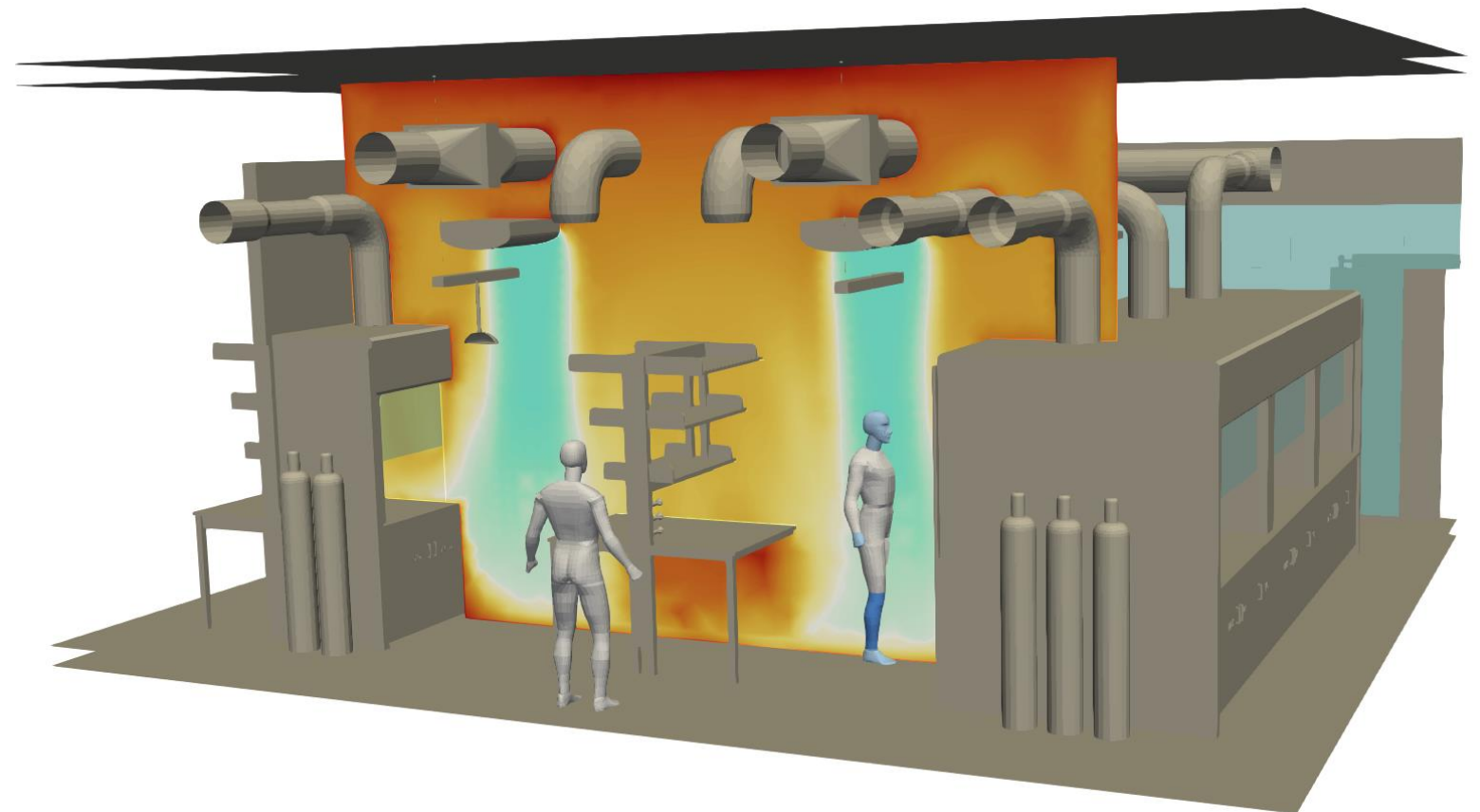
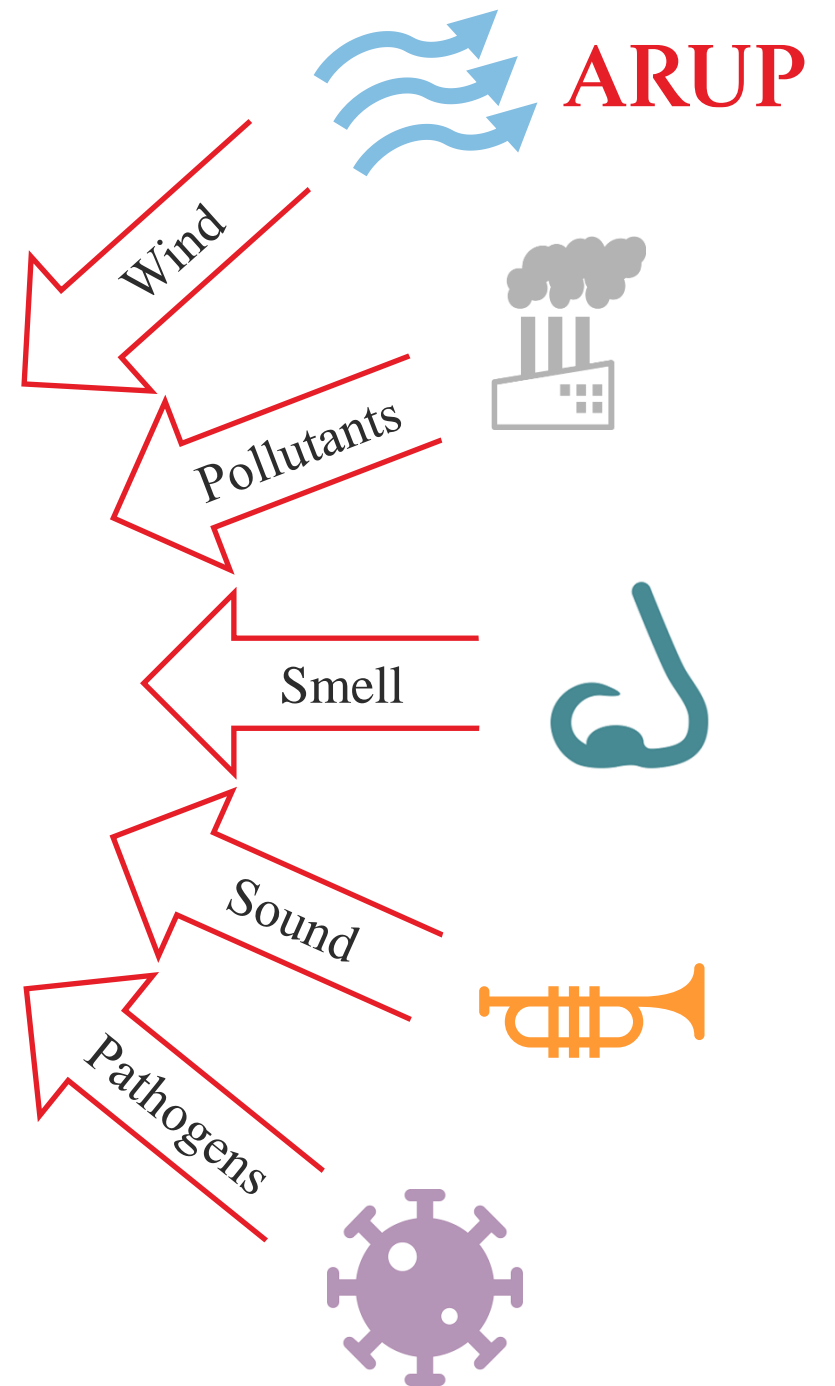
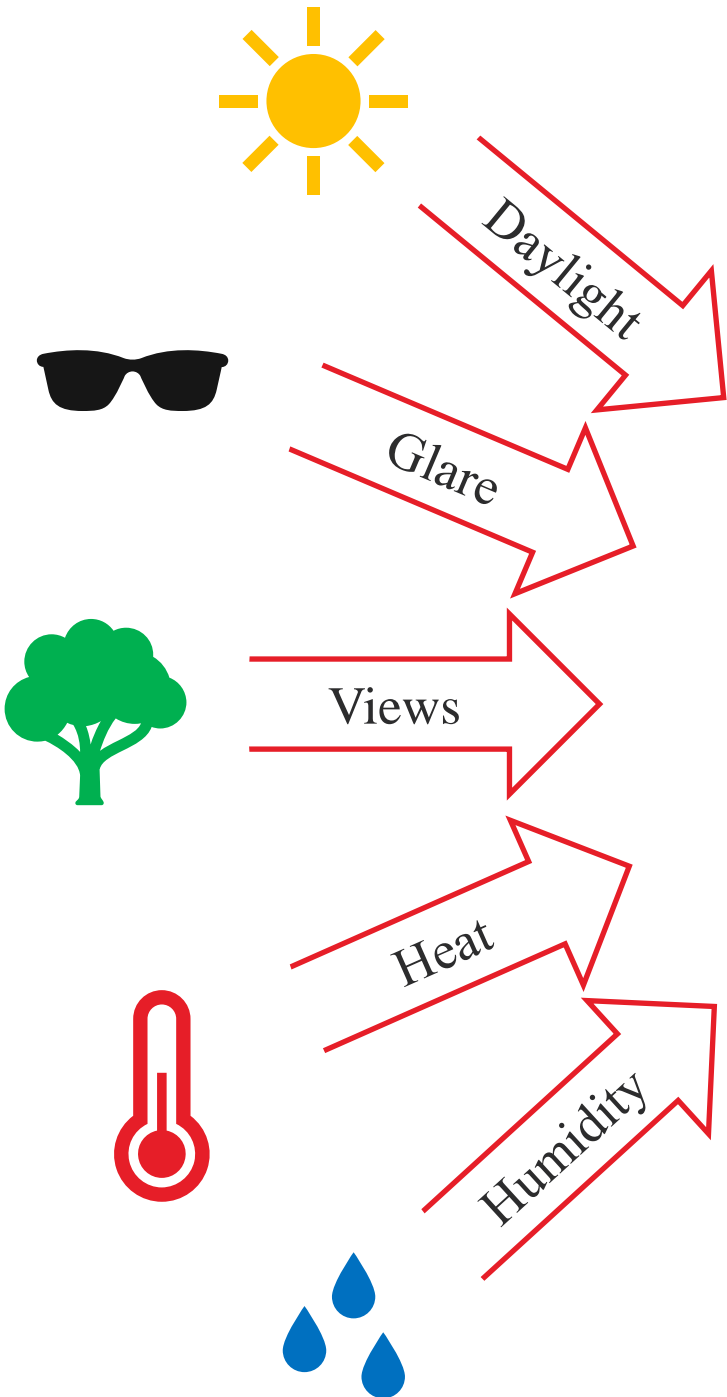


Lab Hazard Mitigation with User-Centric CFD Analysis

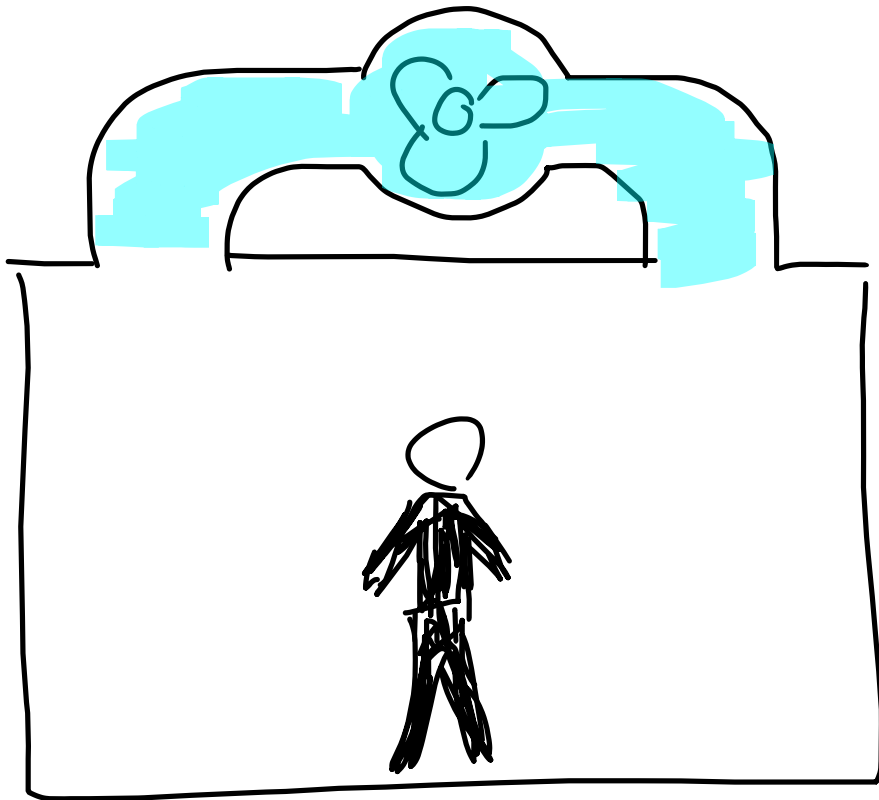
Nathaniel Jones, PhD





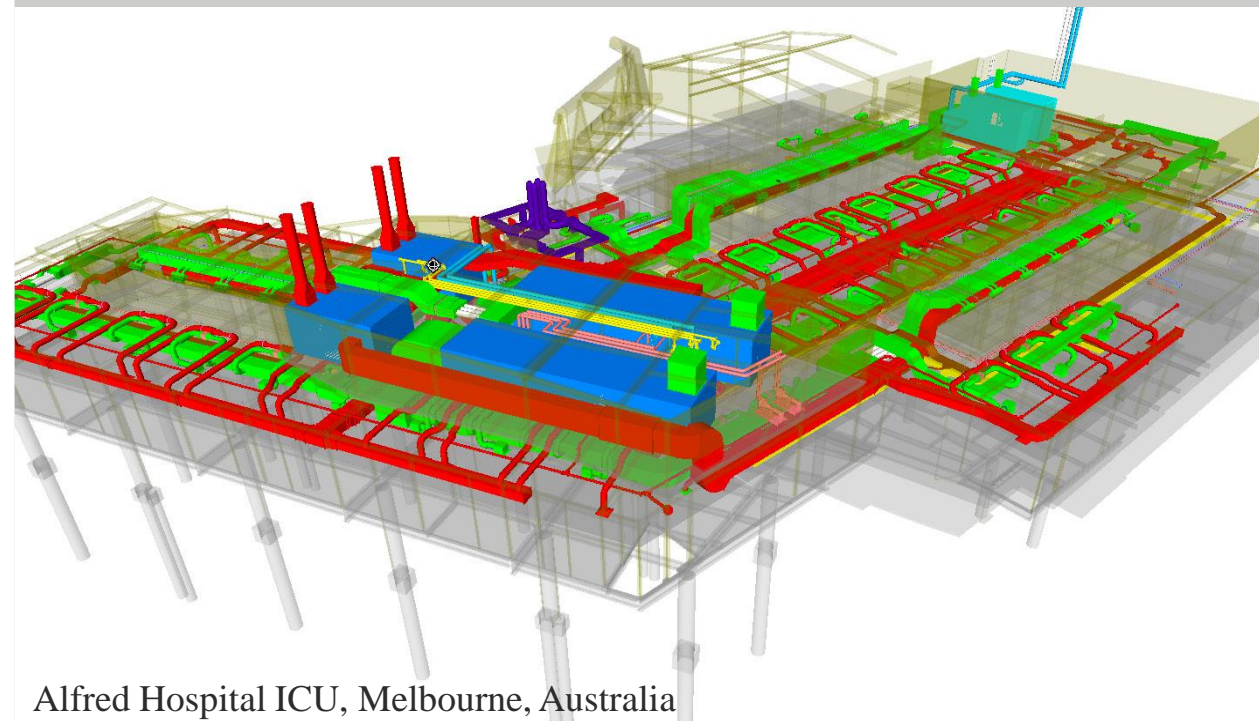
What does it mean to design good indoor air quality for a lab?

A better HVAC system?



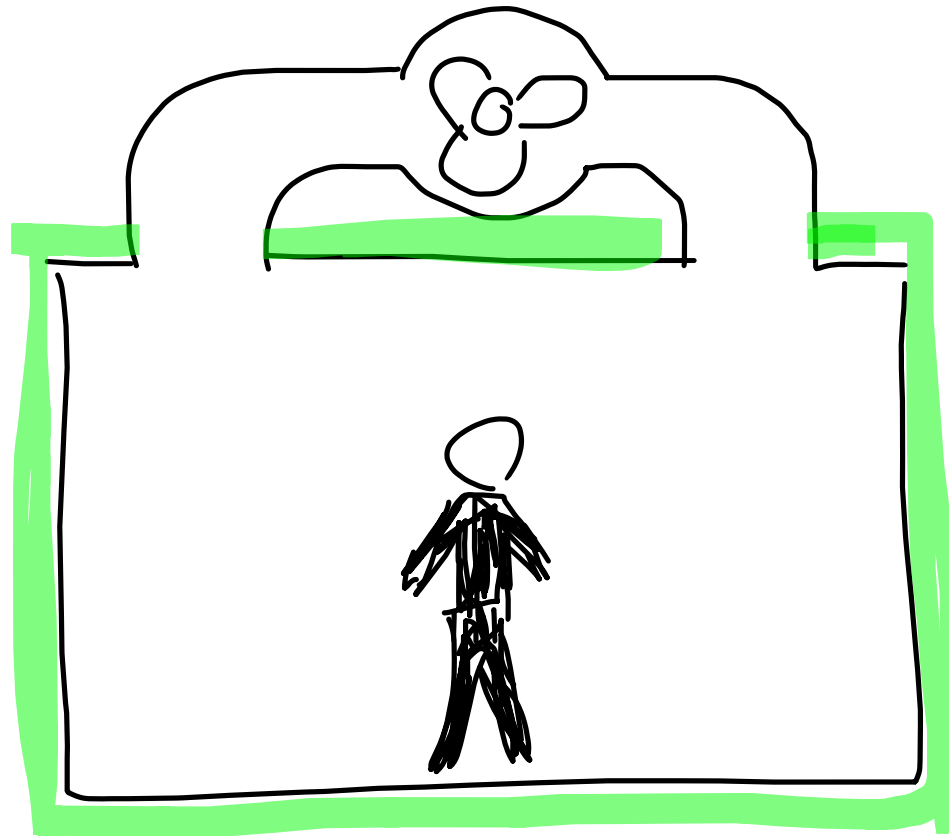
Altius Research Laboratory, Seattle, Washington

© Altius for Biomedical Sciences



Alfred Hospital ICU, Melbourne, Australia

Low emission materials?

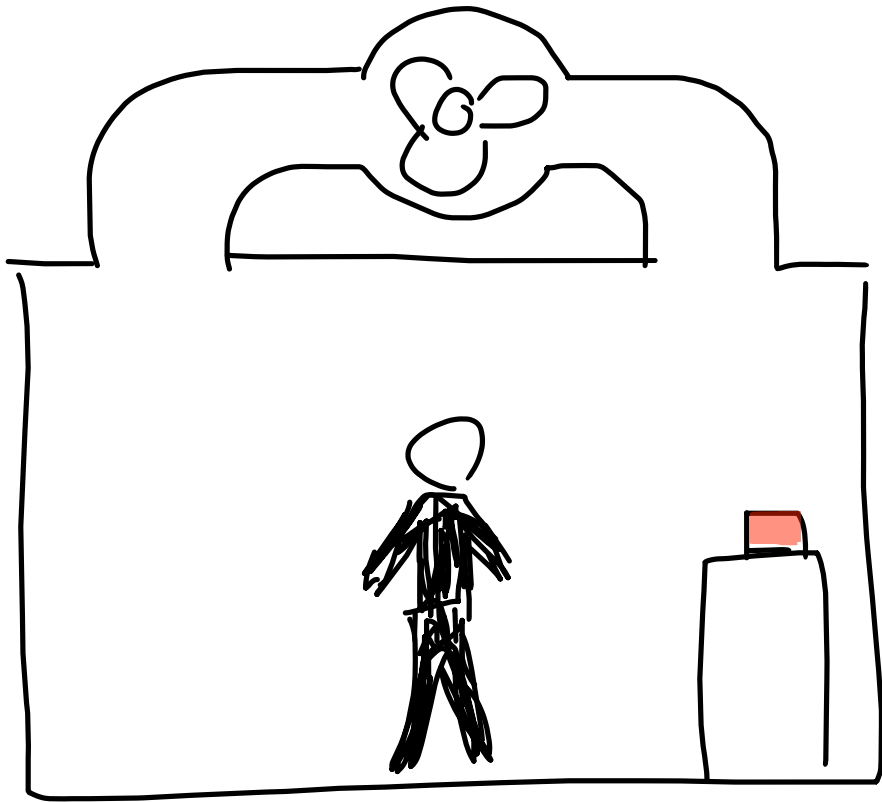


Healthy Materials Strategy, Denmark

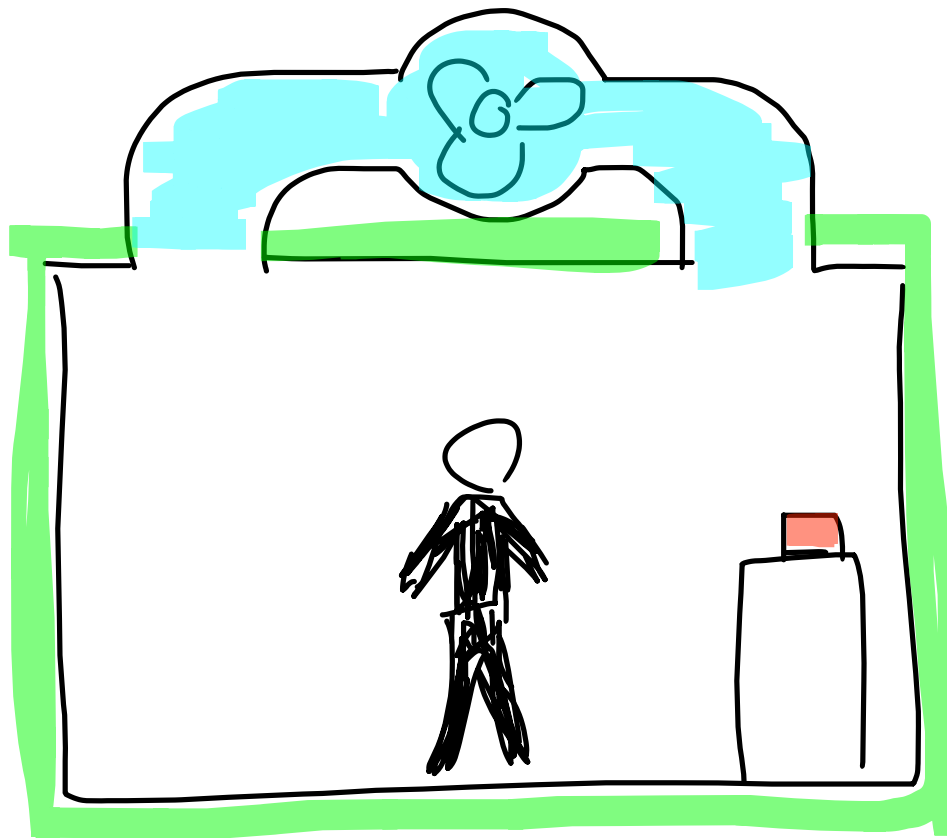


Brain and Cognitive Science Center, Cambridge, Massachusetts

Monitoring?

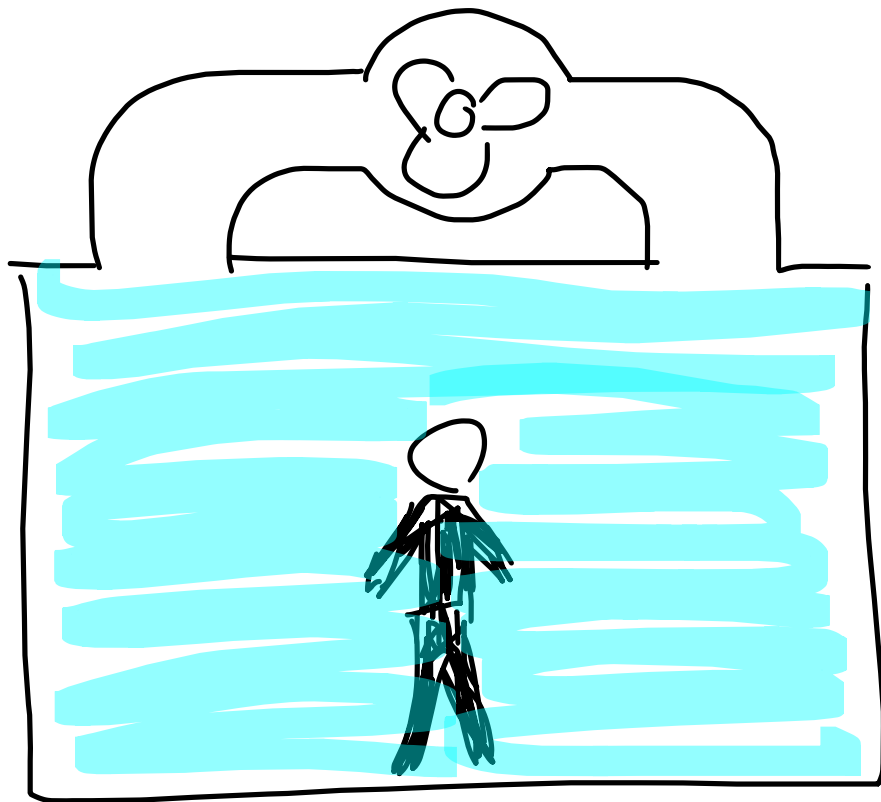


Designing indoor air quality for labs



- Filtering HVAC system
- Healthy materials
- Monitoring
- Space use

Space use

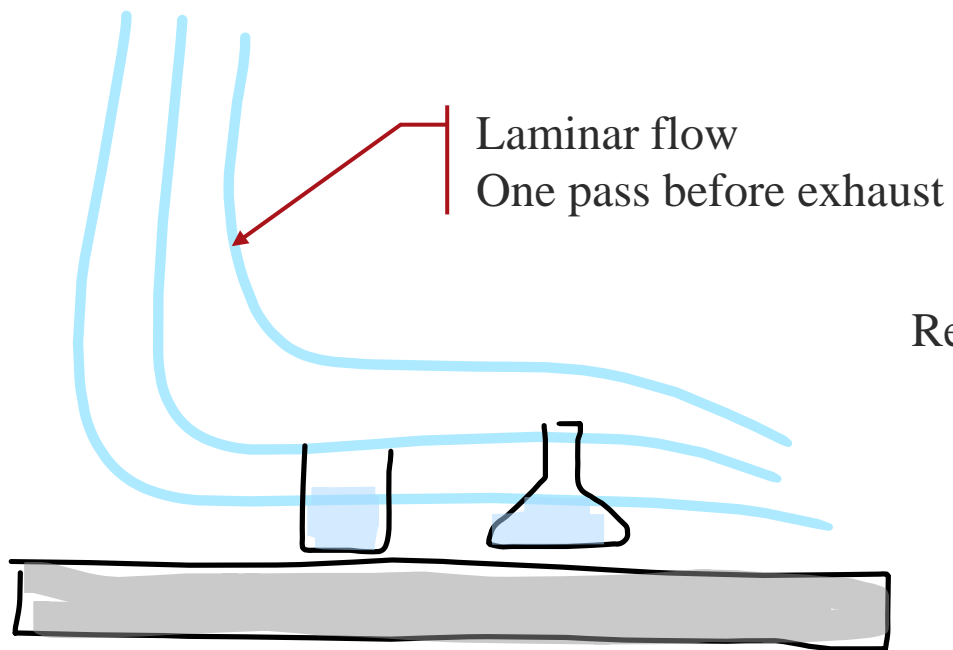


Case study

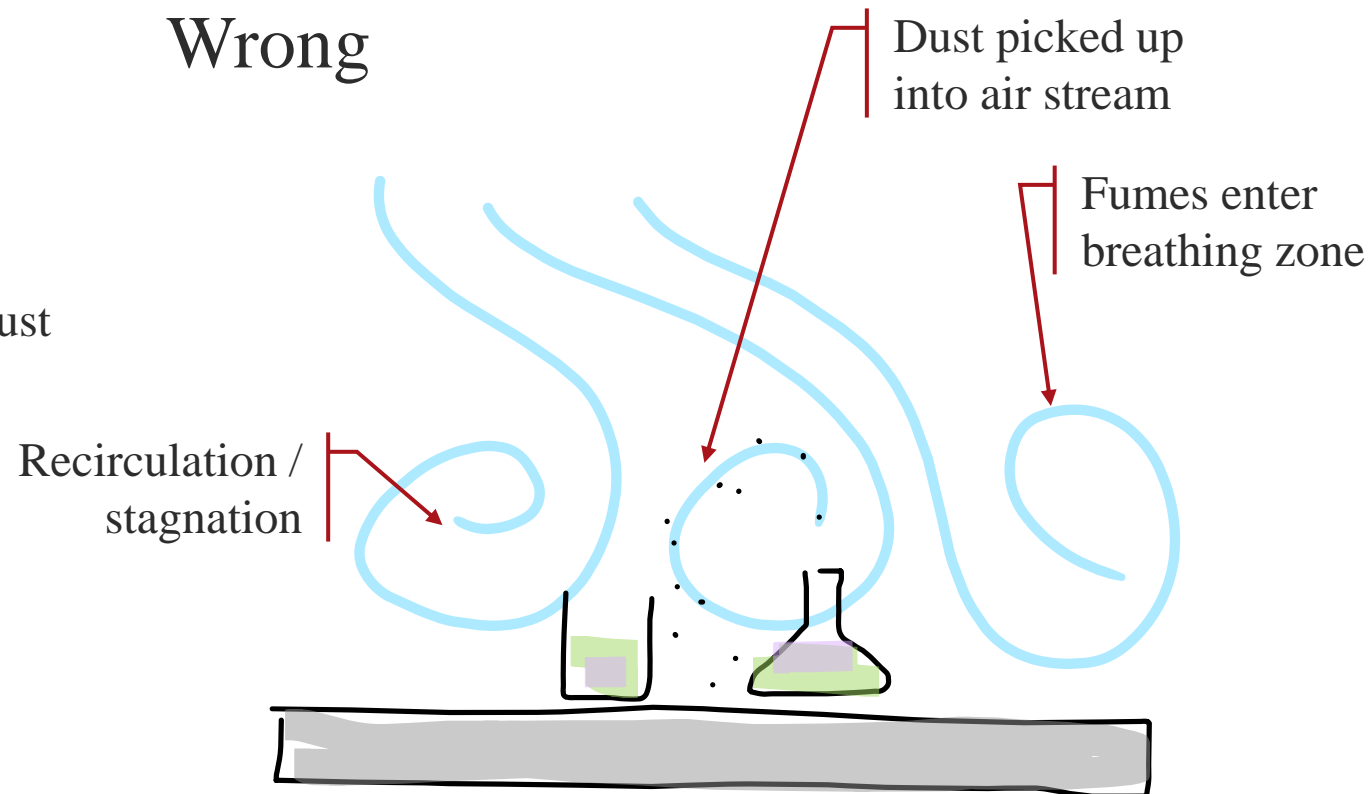
Lab benches that create
cleaner air

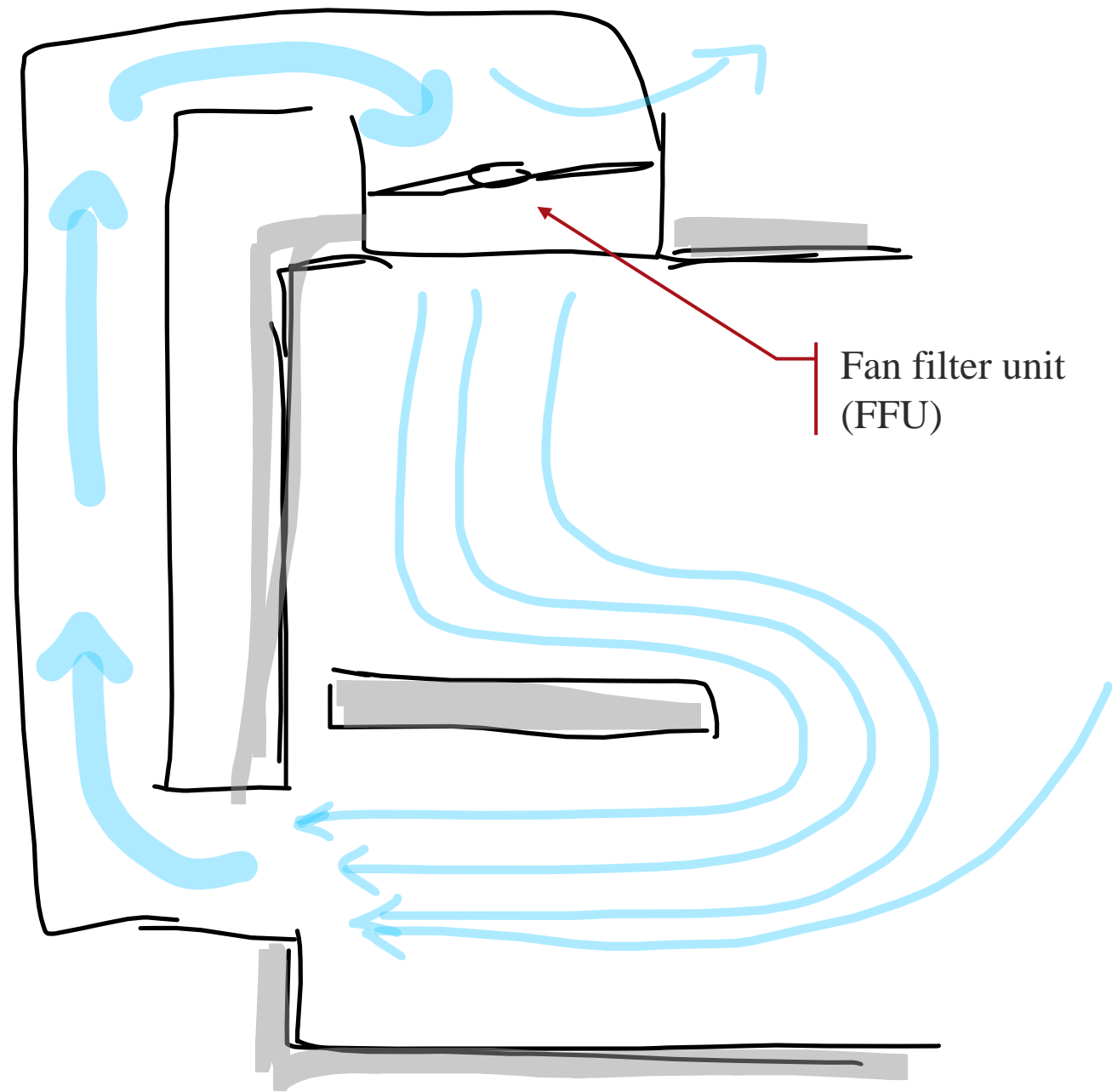
Air circulation for a lab bench

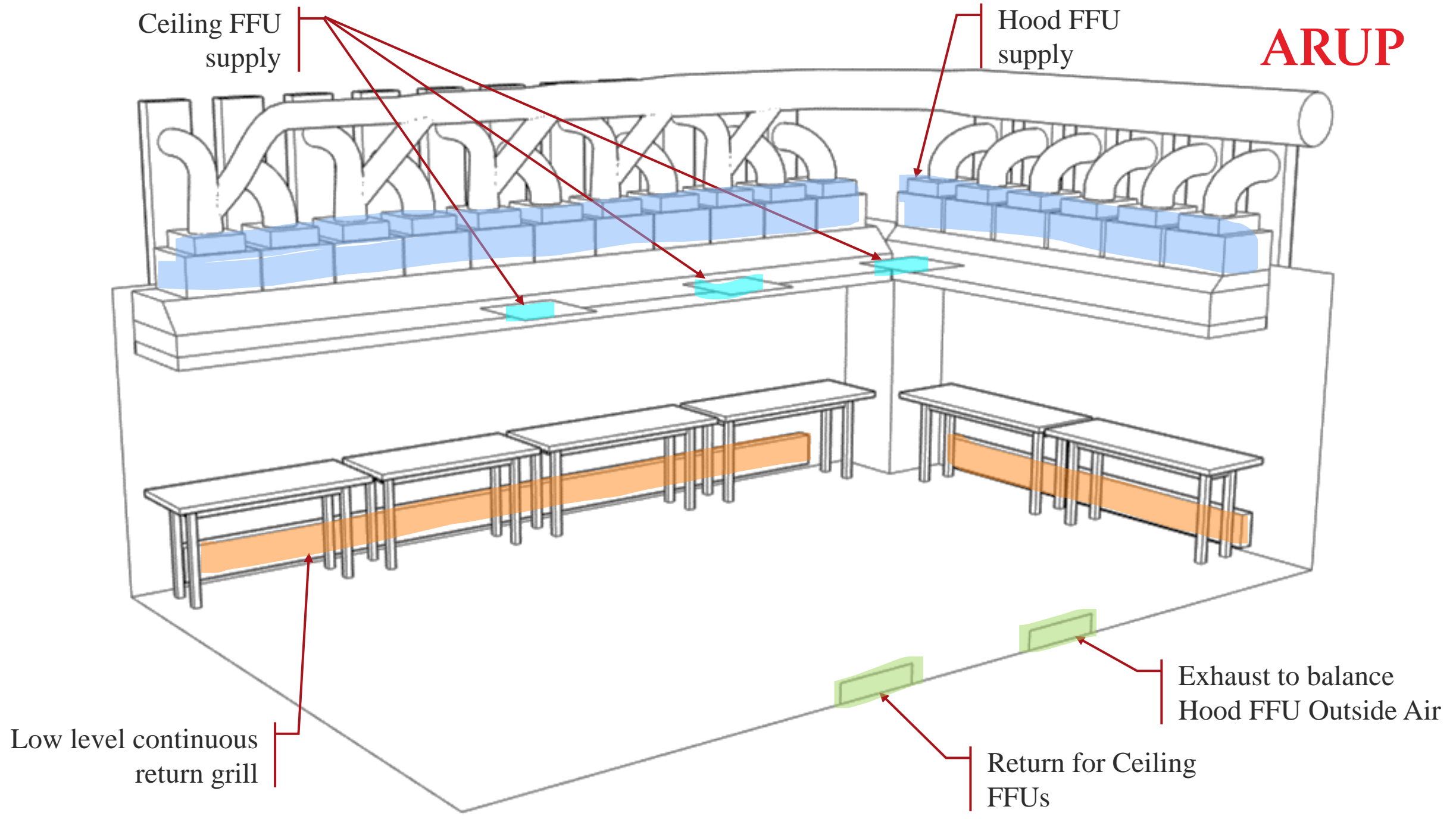
Right



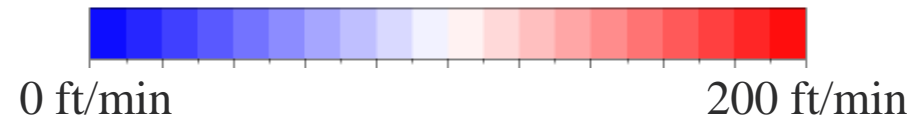
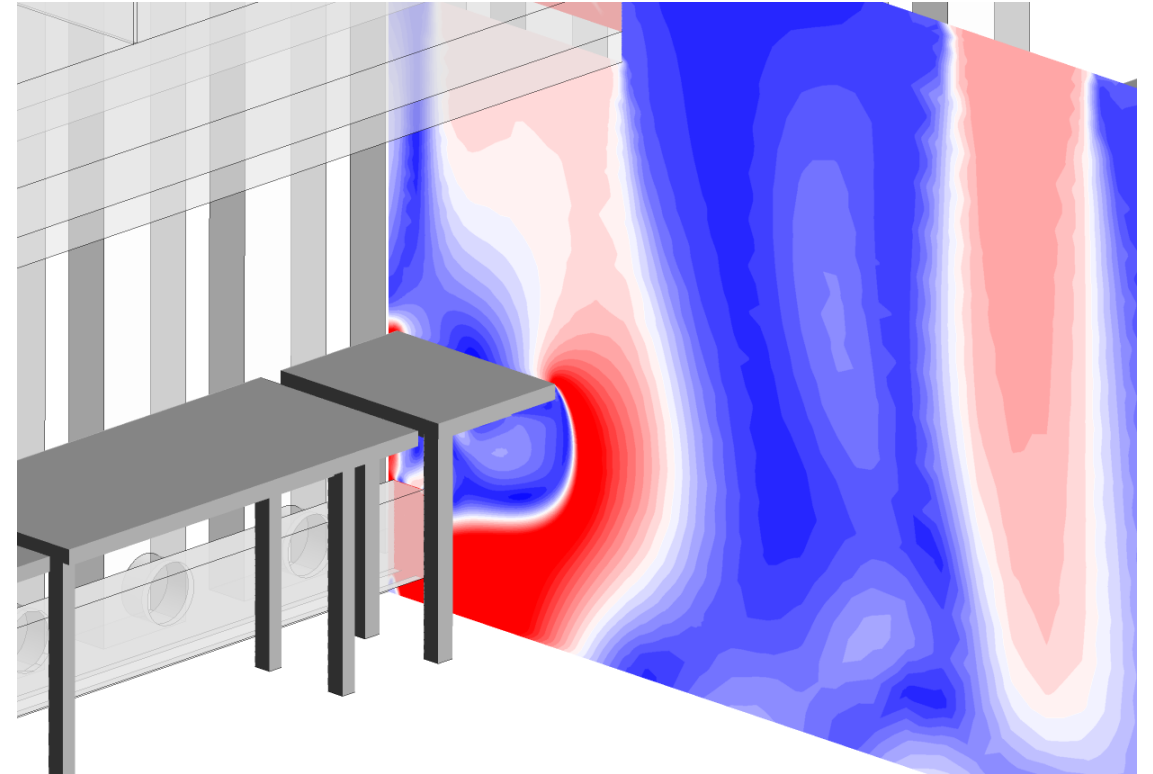
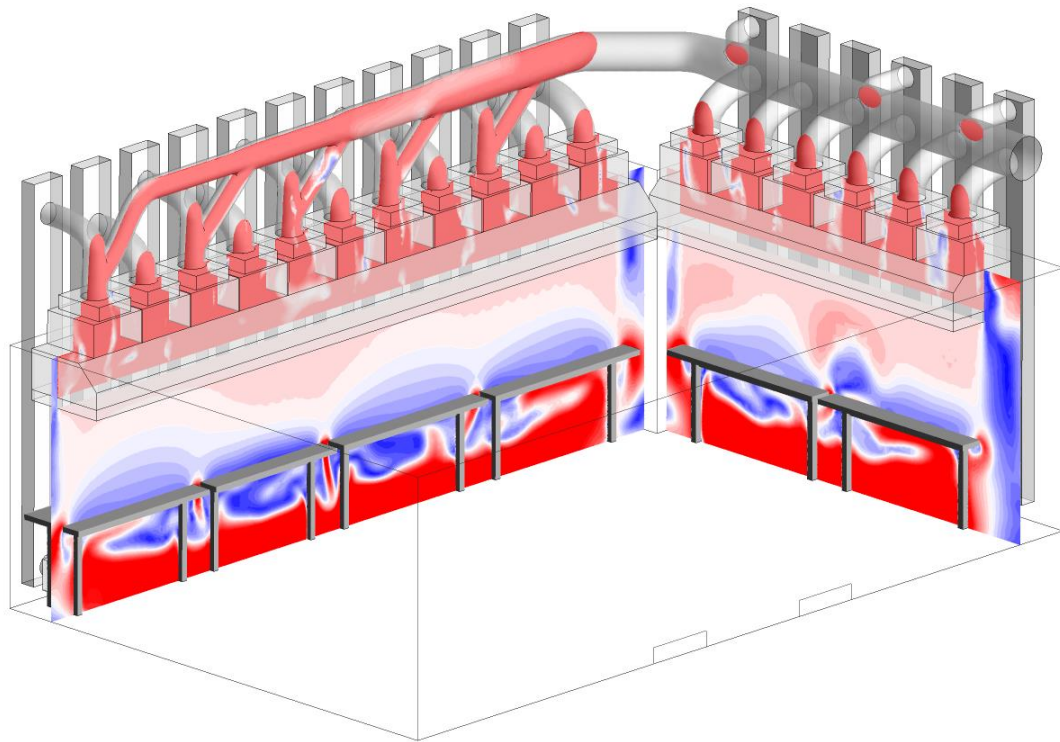
Wrong



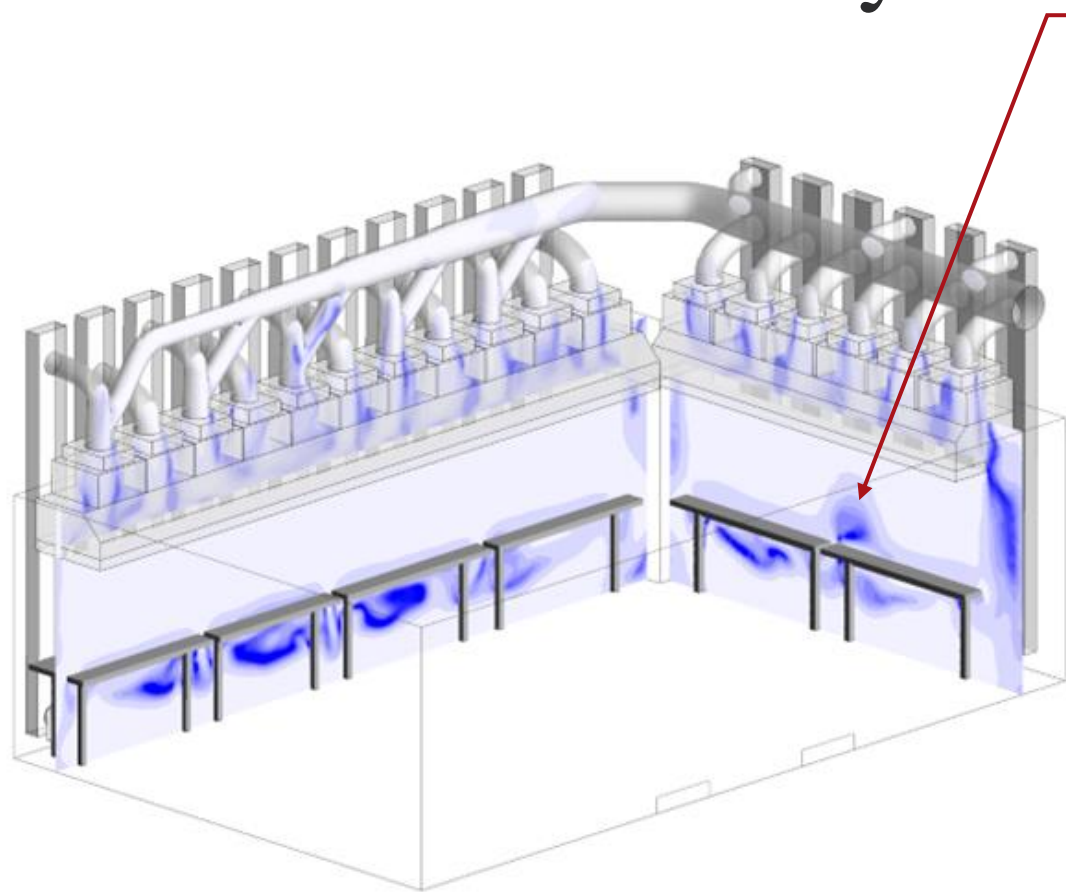




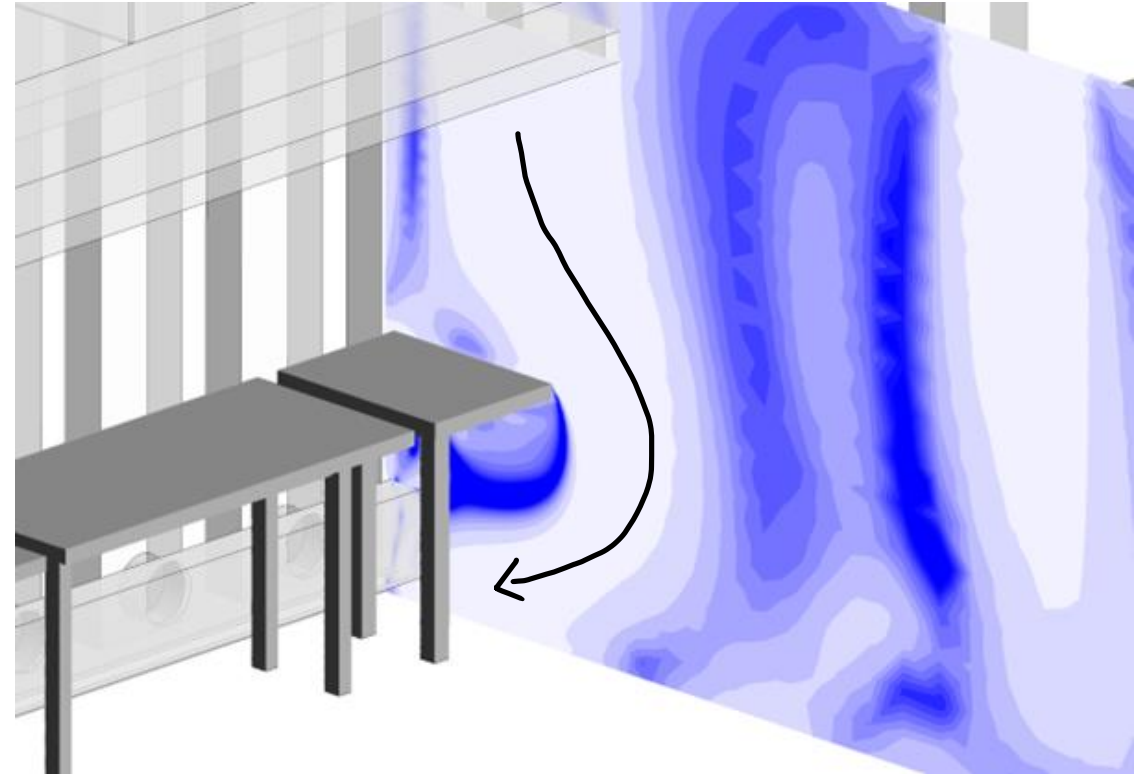
Air speed



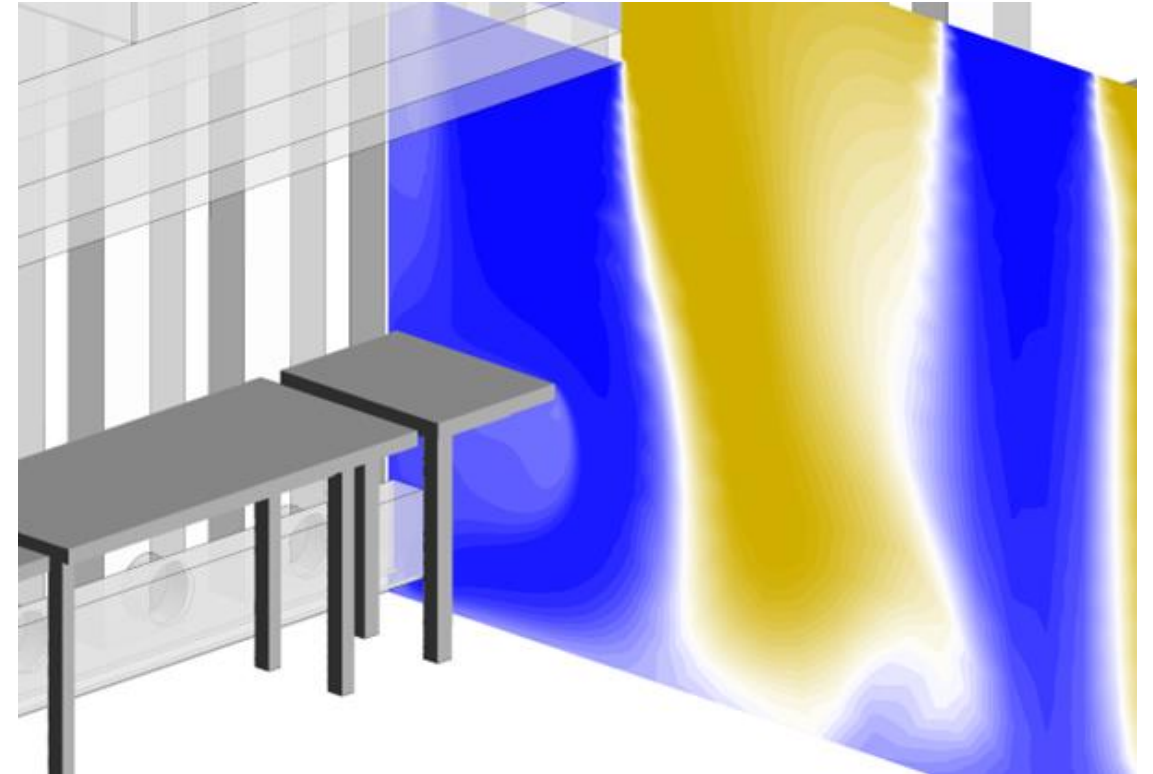
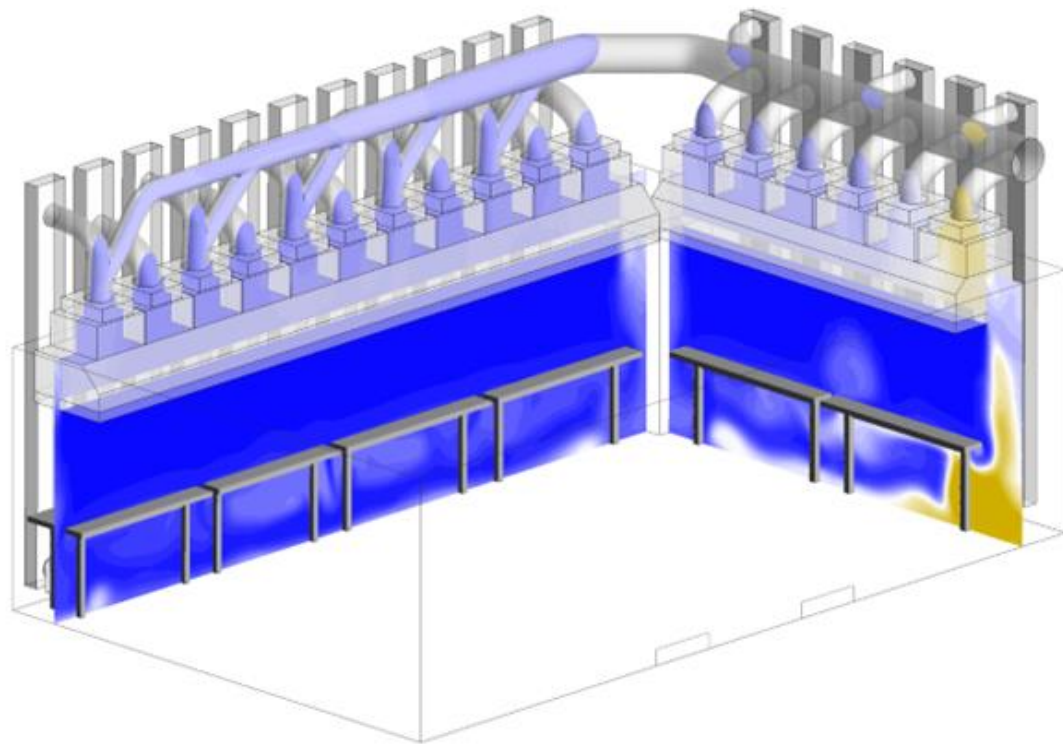
Turbulence intensity

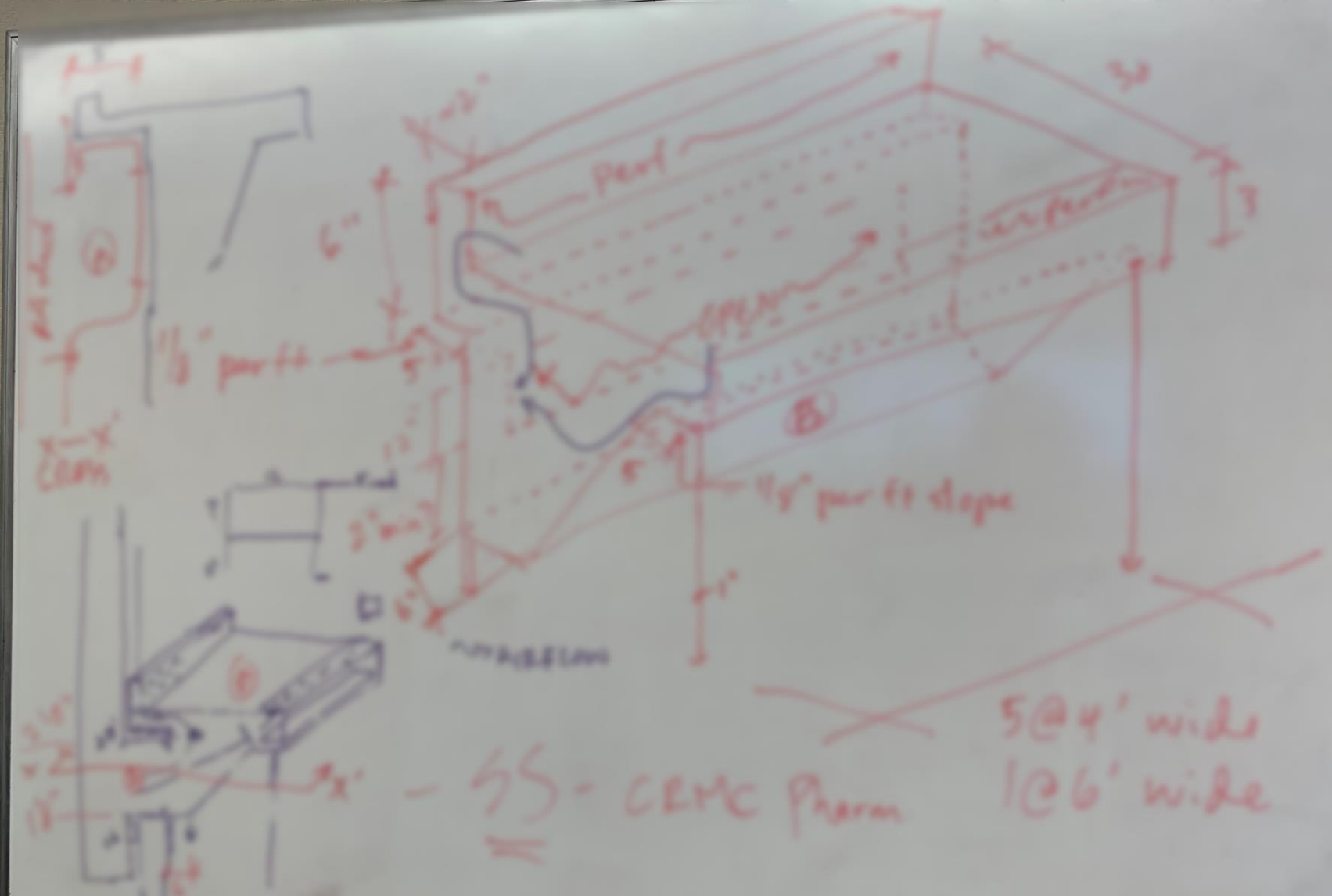


Uh oh



Age of air

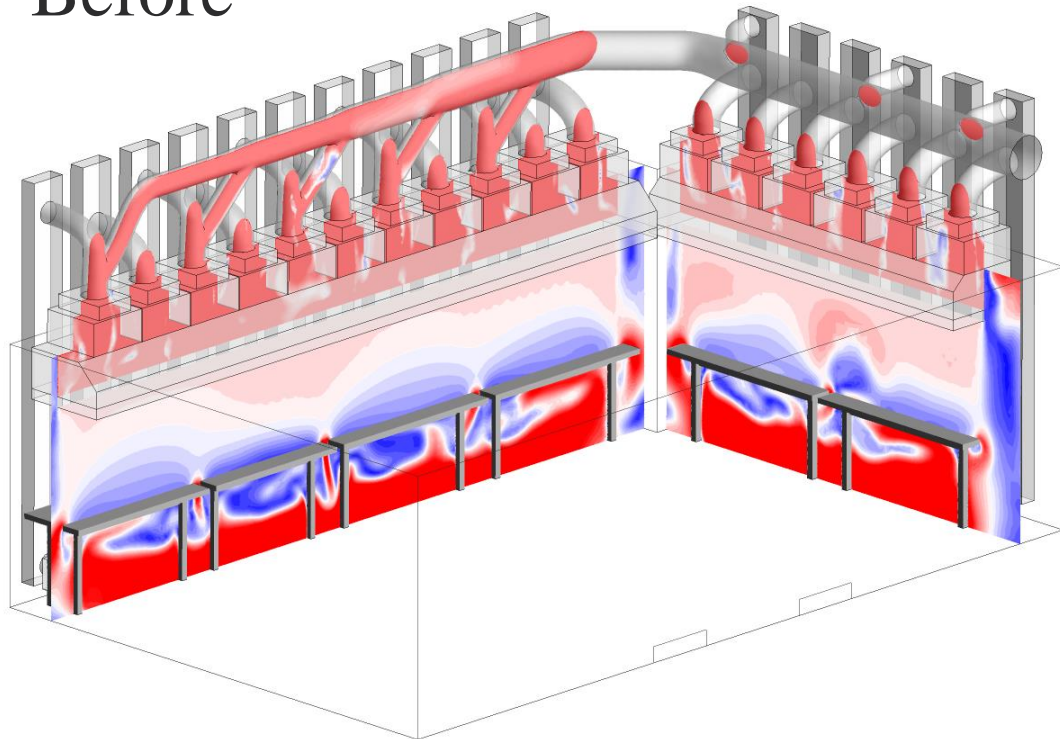




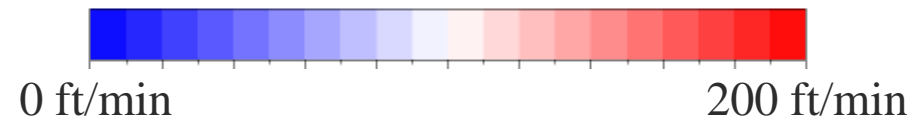
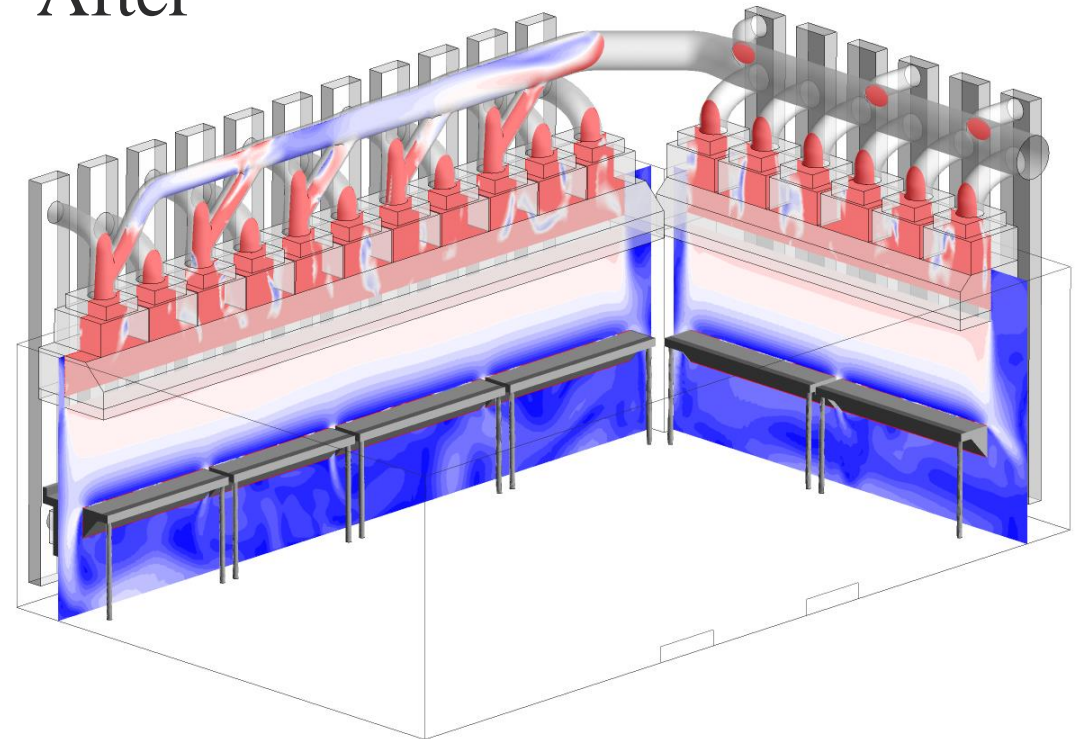
Rethink

Air speed

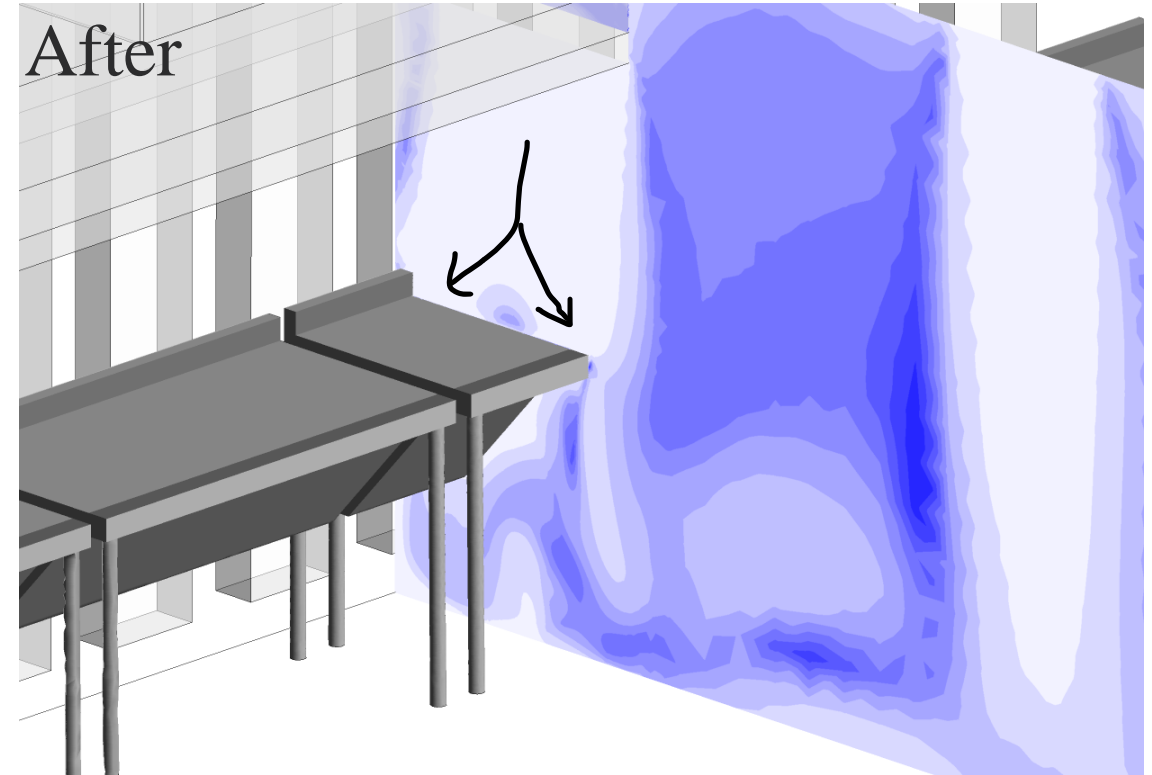
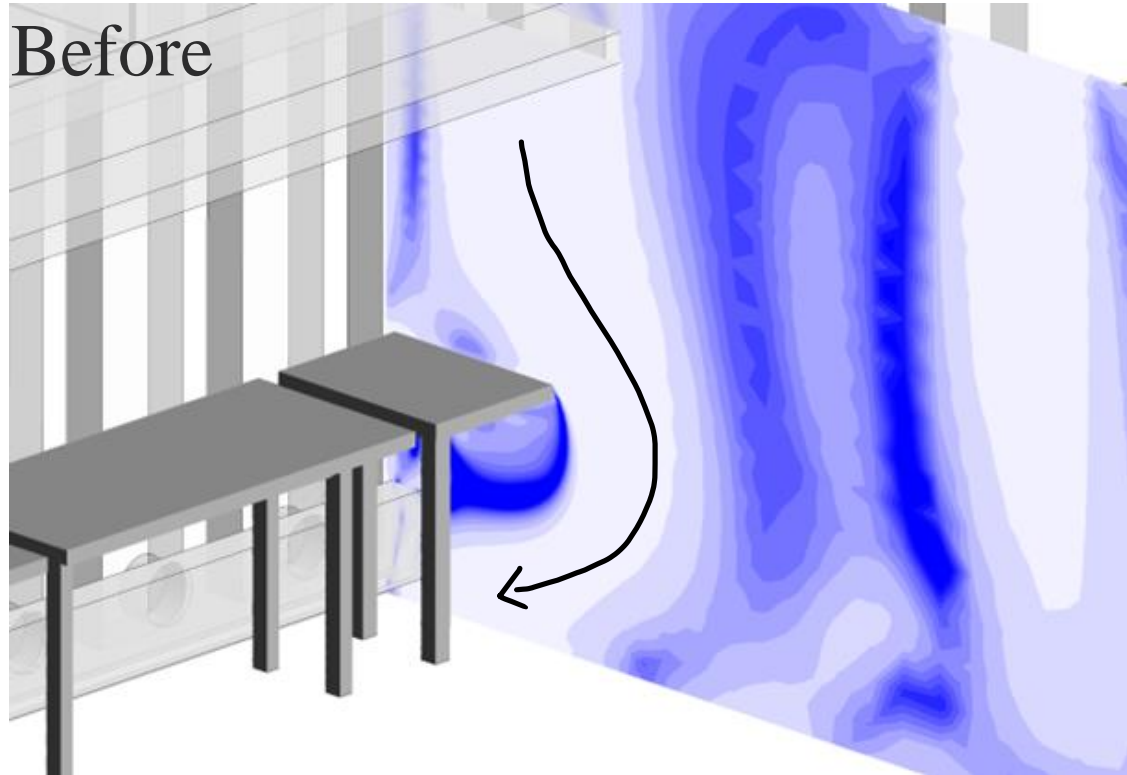
Before



After

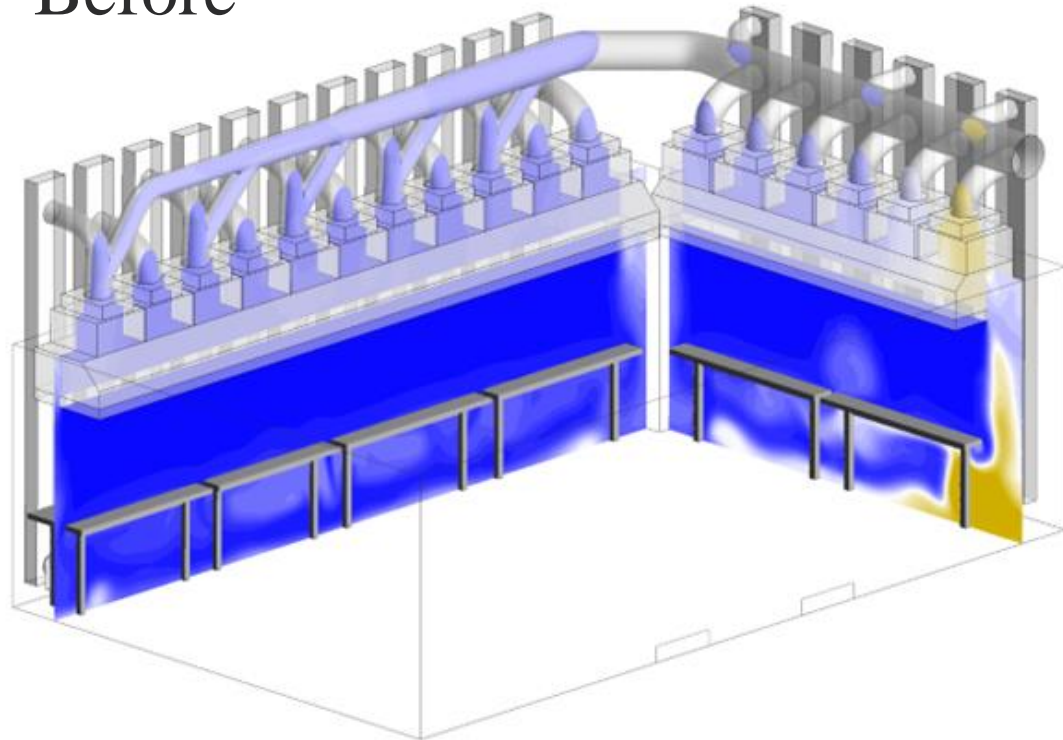


Turbulence intensity

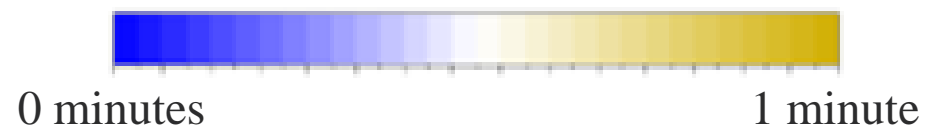
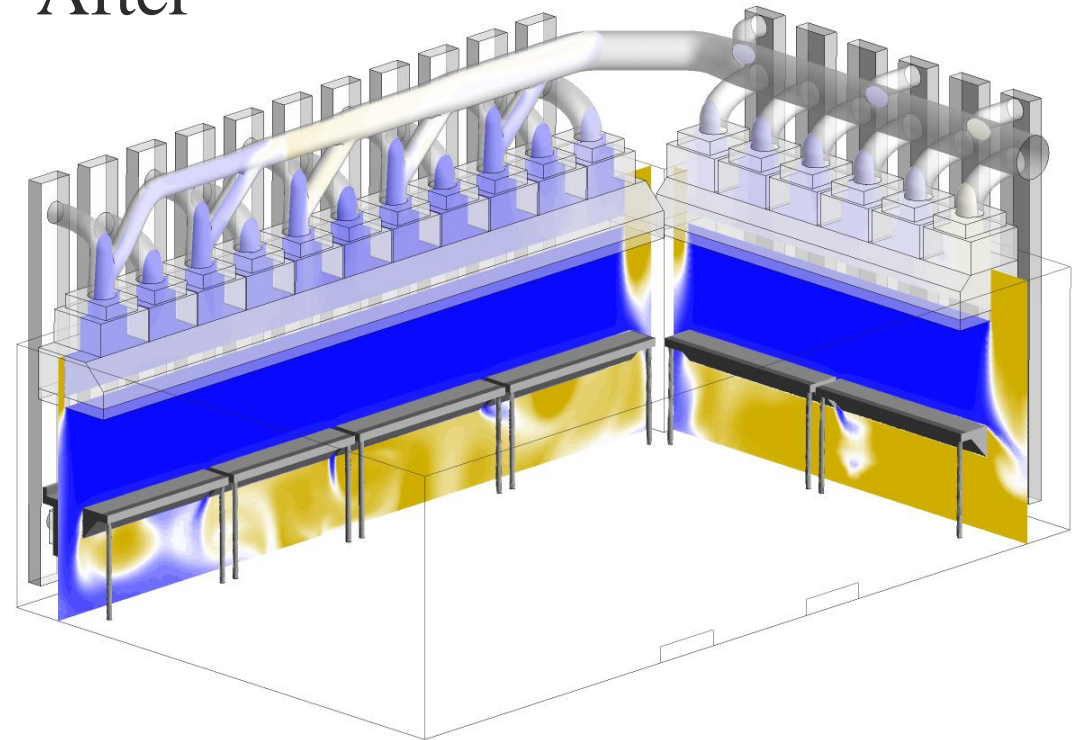


Age of air

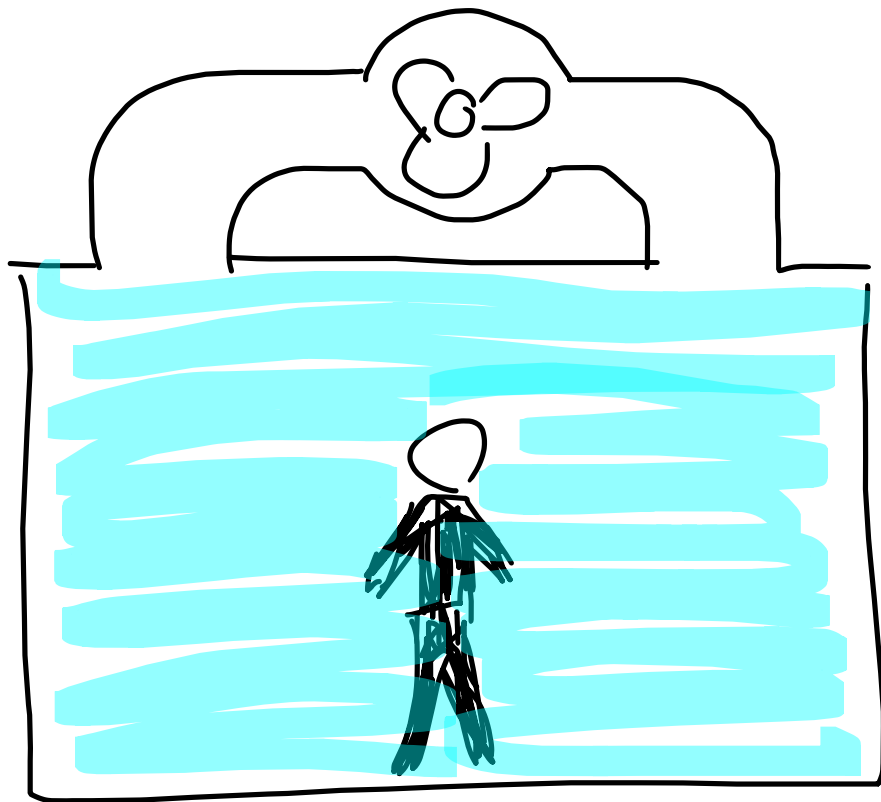
Before



After

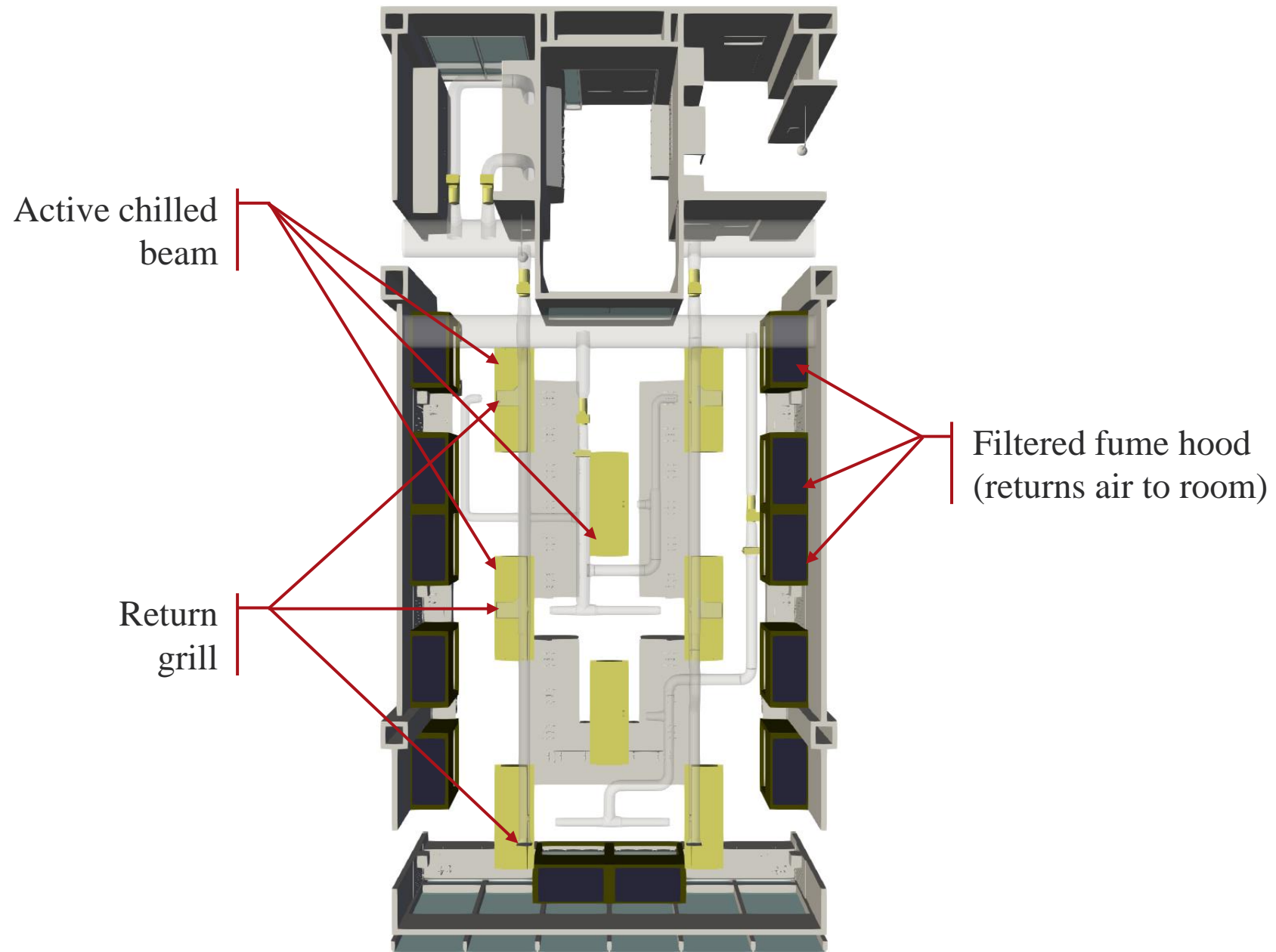


Space use

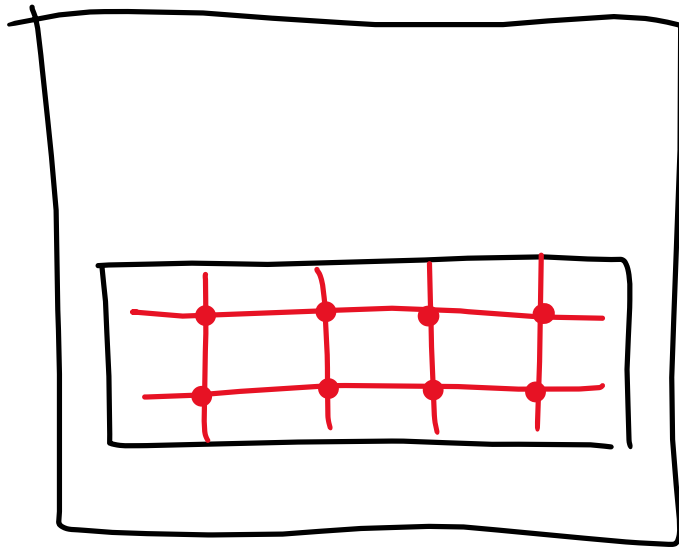


Case study

**Chemical containment in
a teaching lab**

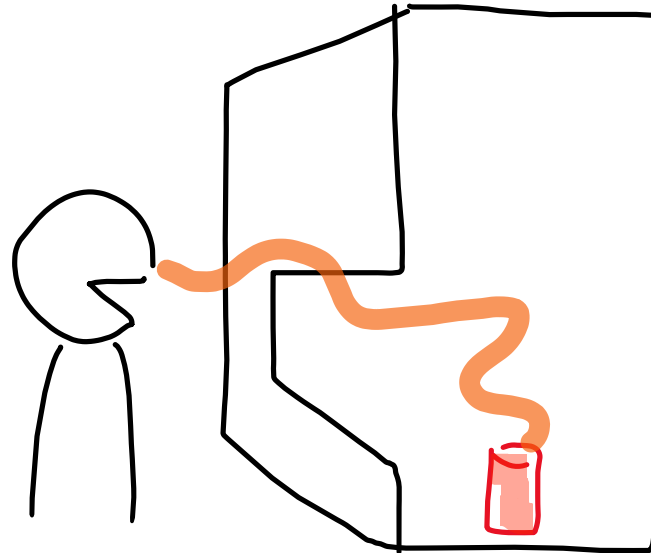


ASHRAE 110



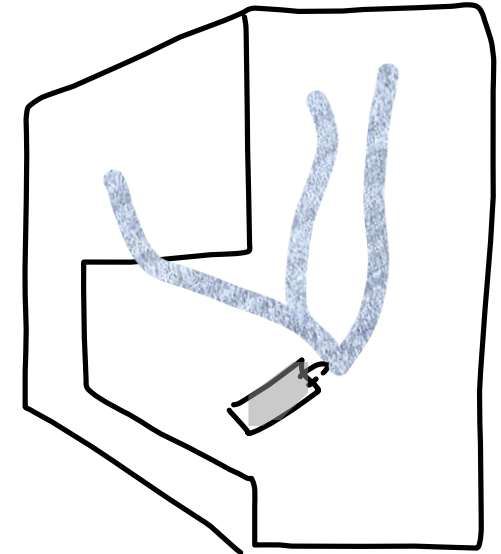
Face velocity

An anemometer is placed at points on a rectangular grid roughly 1 foot apart over the sash opening.



Tracer gas test

A tracer gas is released in the fume hood. The concentration is measured in the breathing zone and periphery.

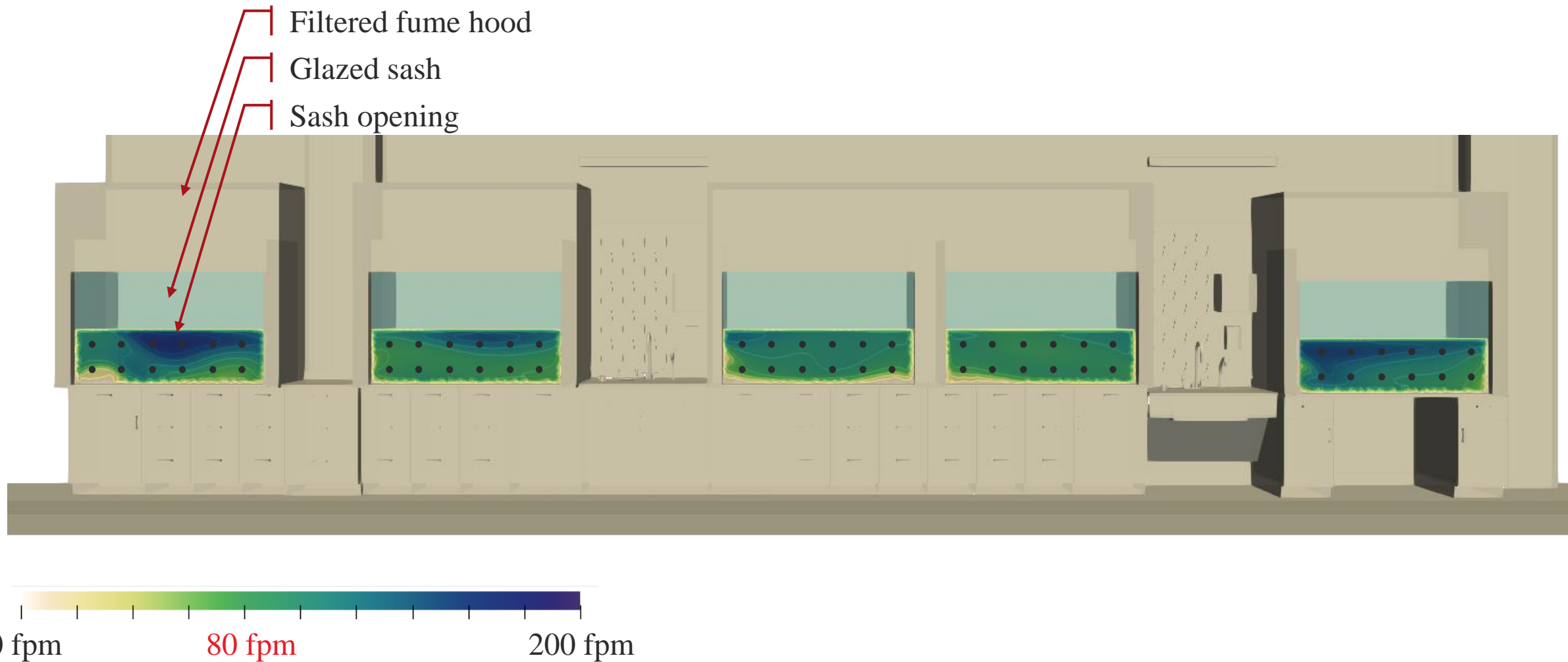


Flow visualization

Smoke released in the fume hood should be carried smoothly to the fume hood exhaust.

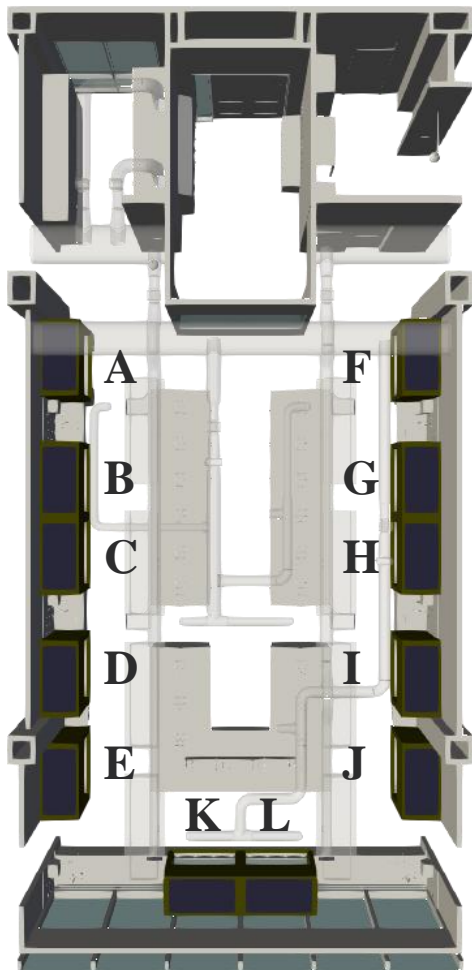
Trust but verify

Face velocity

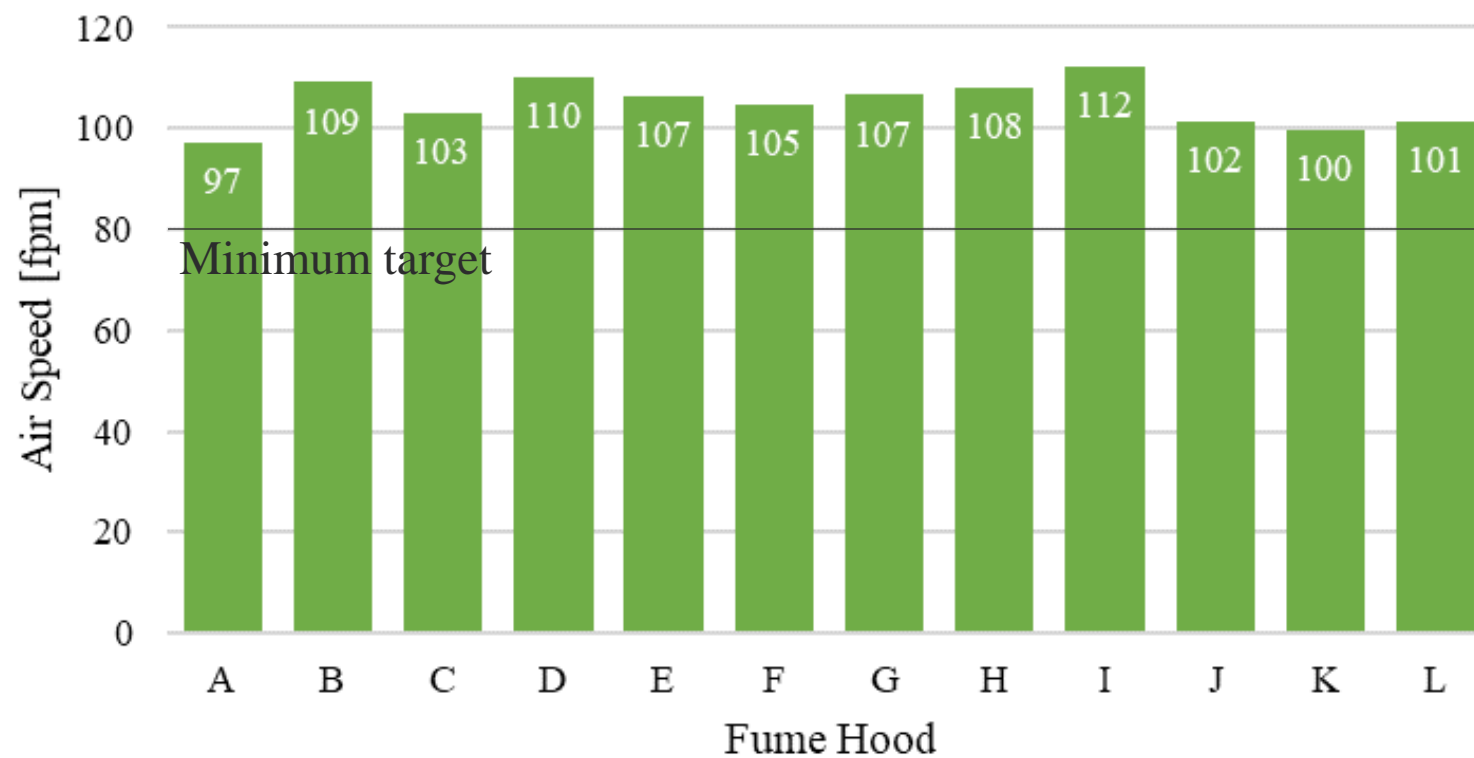


Trust but verify

Face velocity

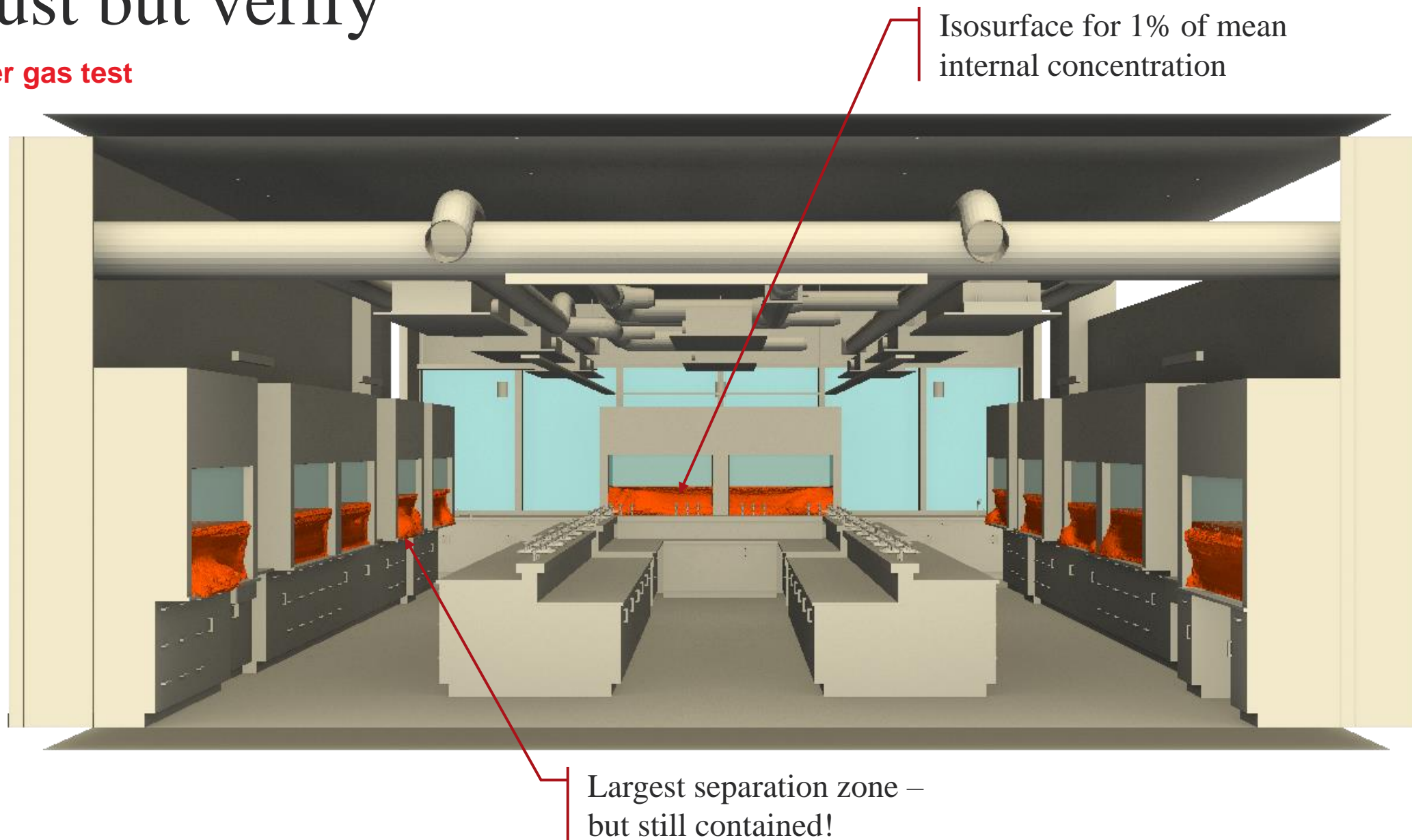


Average anemometer reading in sash opening



Trust but verify

Tracer gas test



Trust but verify

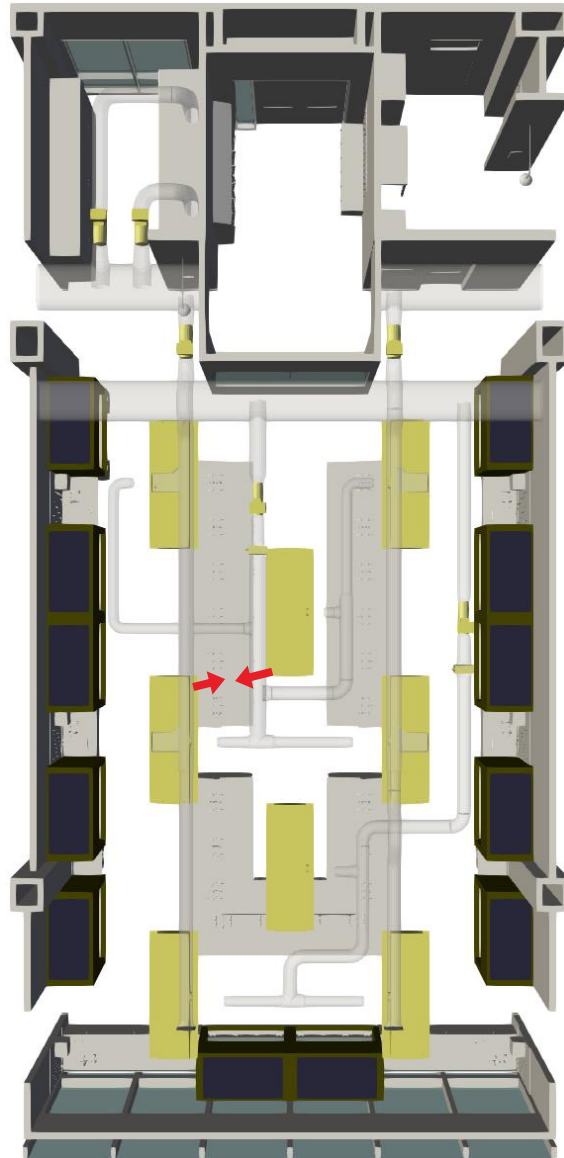
Flow visualization



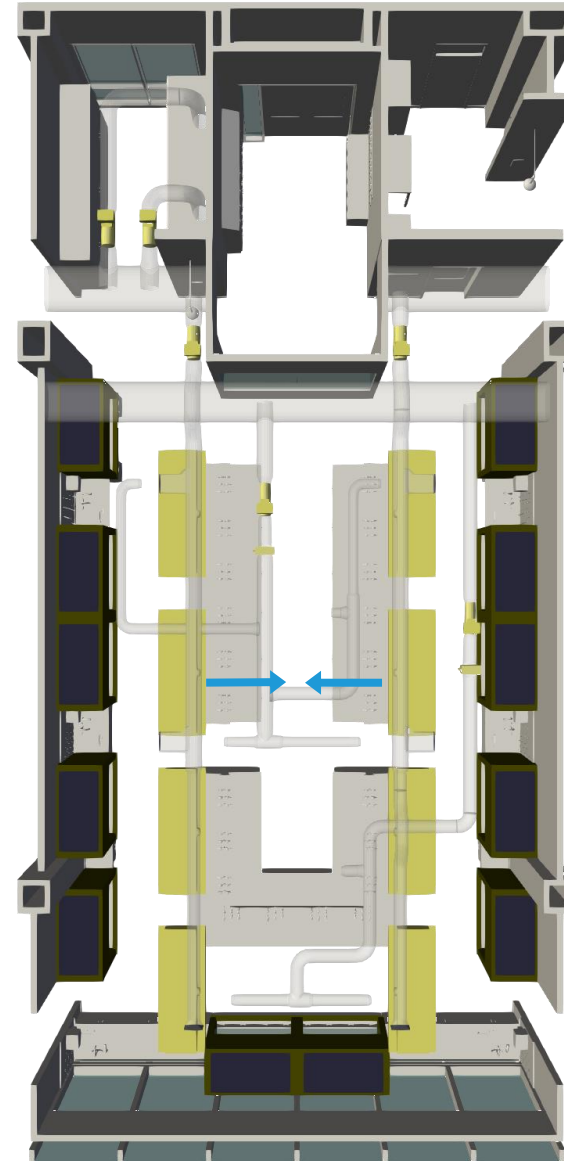
0 fpm

200 fpm

Original

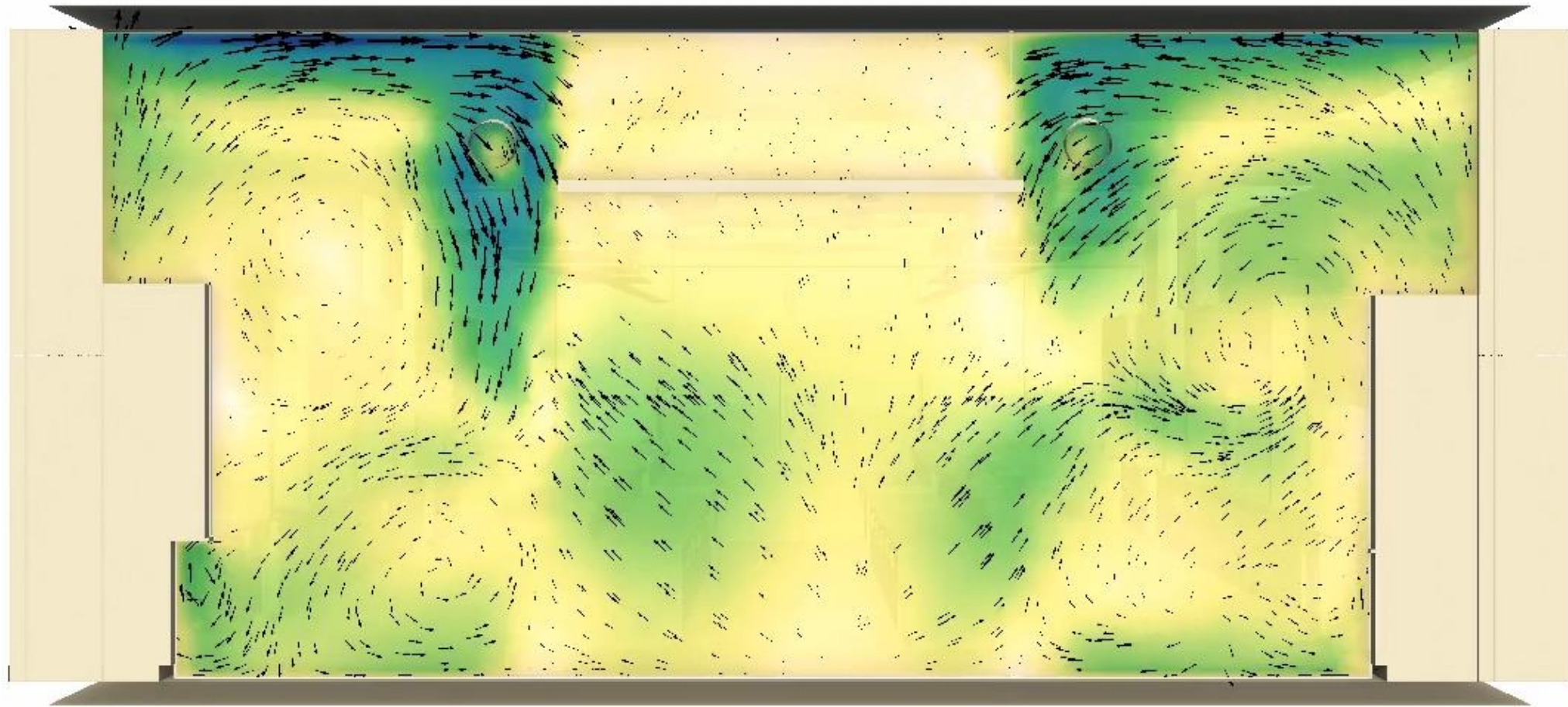


Modified



Modified layout

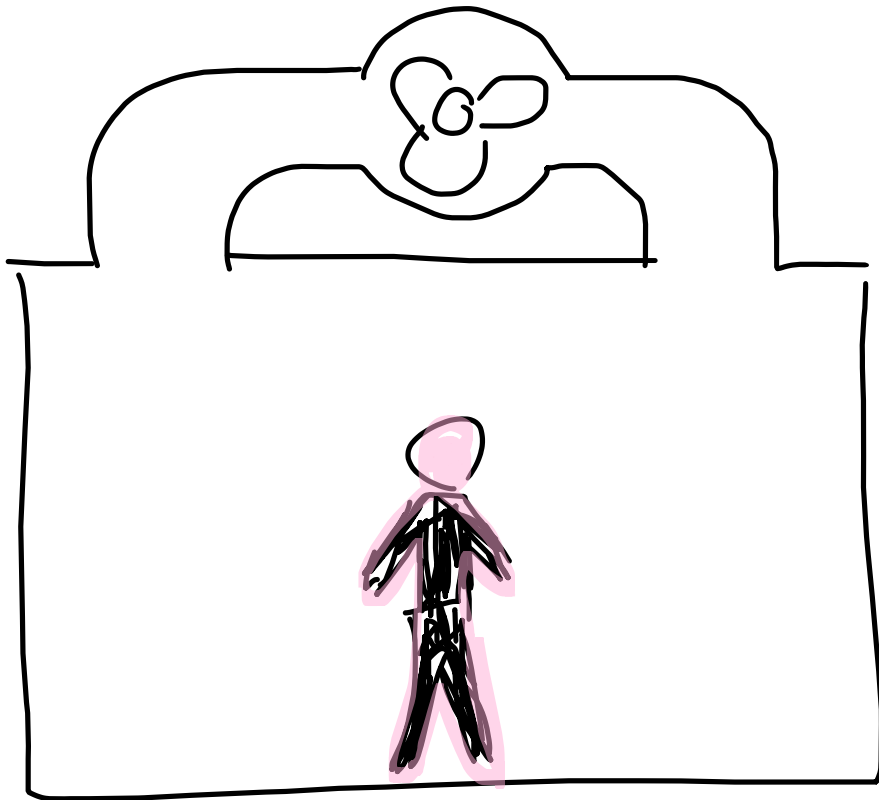
Flow visualization



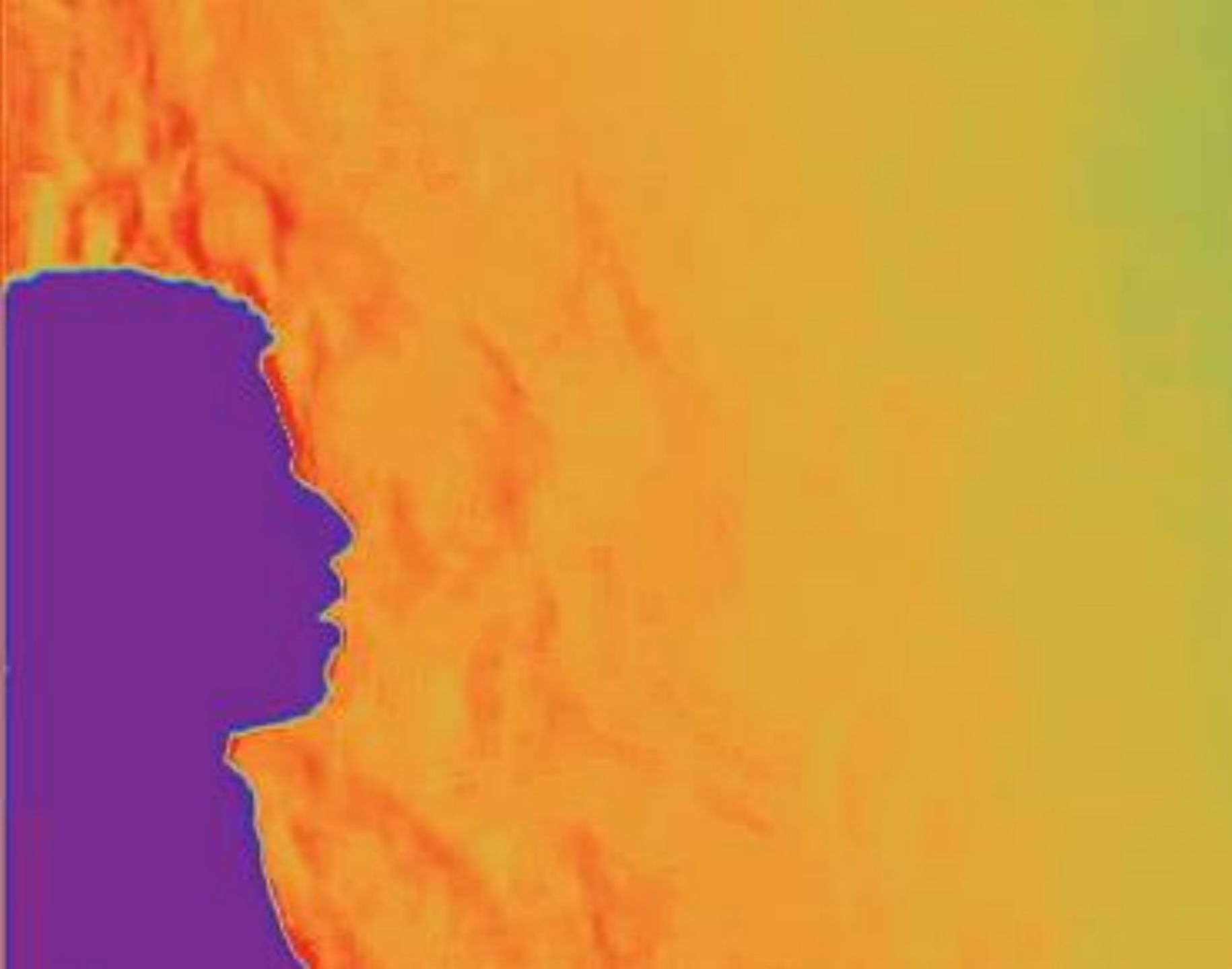
0 fpm

200 fpm

Occupants

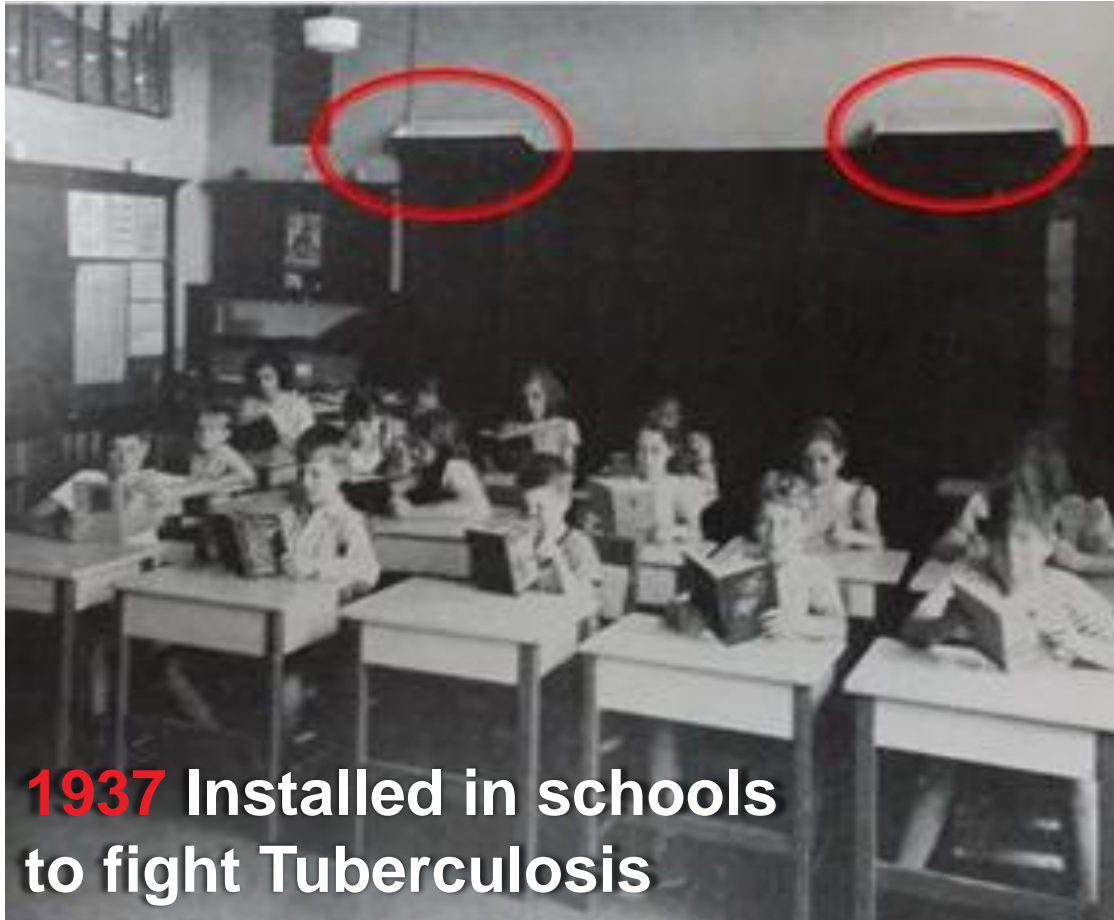


- Filtering HVAC system
- Low emission materials
- Monitoring
- Space use
- Occupants



Schlieren videos of breathing and coughing, from
Bauhaus-Universität Weimar
<https://vimeo.com/399120258> (Colorized by Arup)

Ultraviolet germicidal irradiance (UVGI)



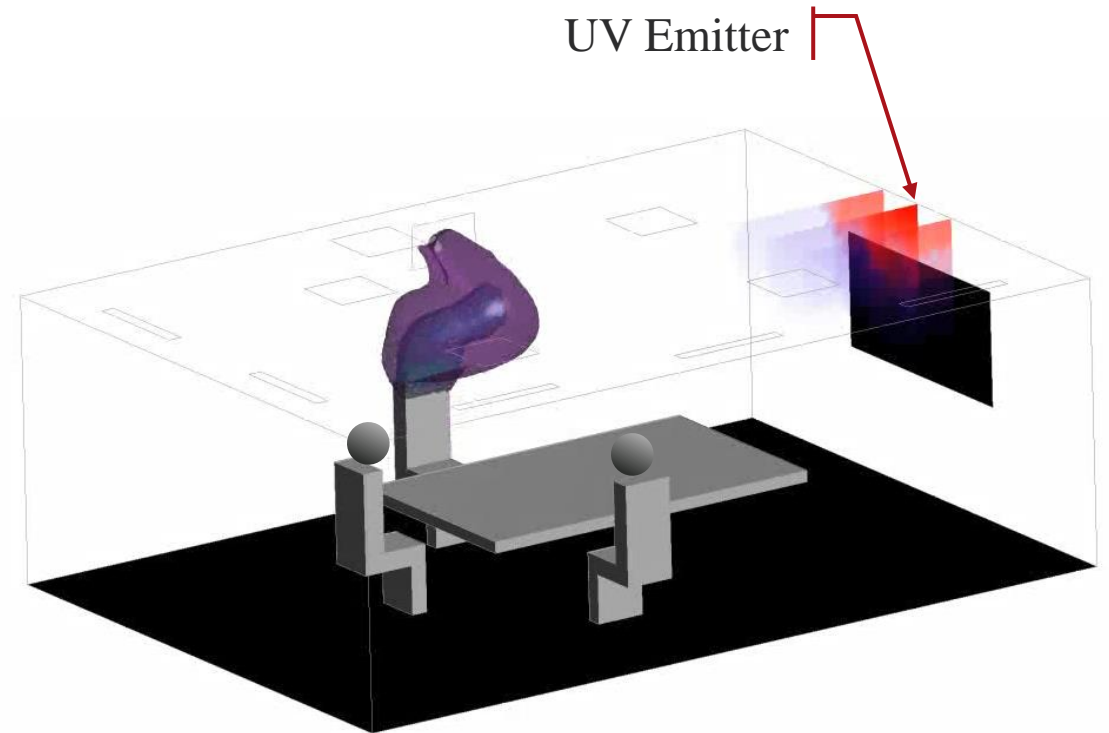
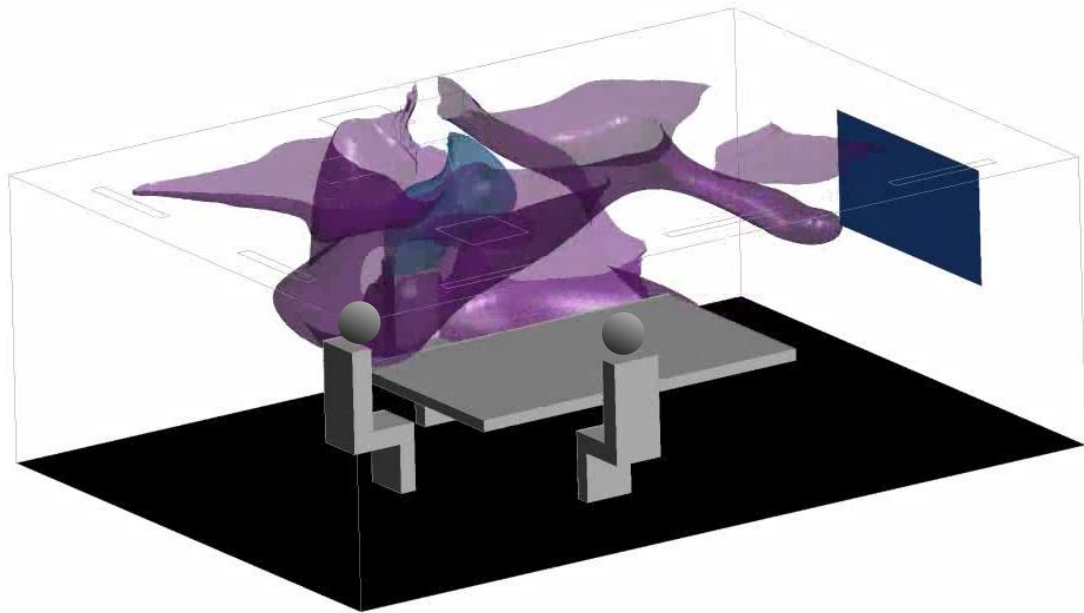
1937 Installed in schools to fight Tuberculosis



TODAY Use in hospitals, classrooms, waiting areas

COVID-19

Upper-room ultraviolet germicidal irradiance (UVGI)



Modified Wells-Riley

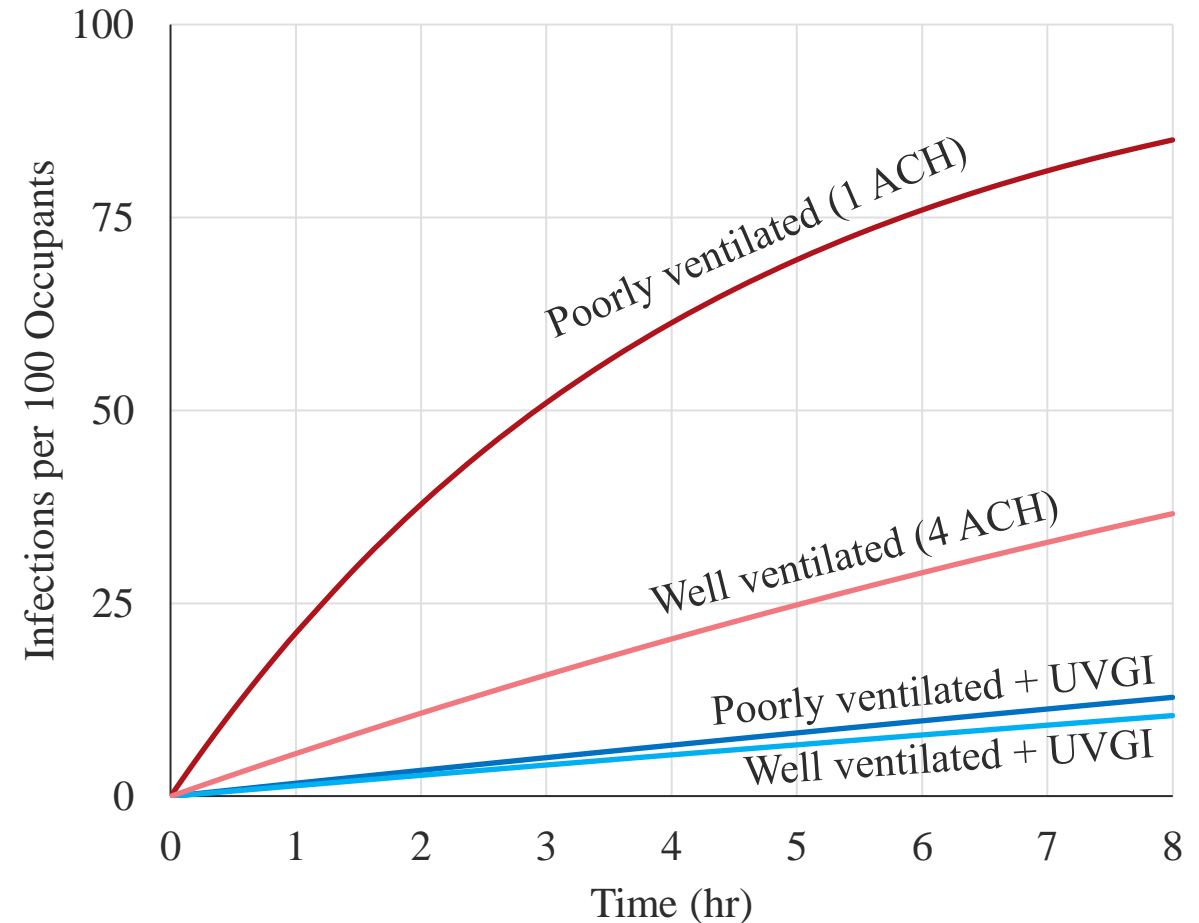
Probability of infection → $P = 1 - e^{\frac{-I p q t}{V k_{eqv}}}$

Number of infectors → I
Breathing rate → p
Quanta generation → q
Exposure time → t

$k_{eqv} = k_v + k_d + k_i + zE \frac{H_{uv}}{H}$

Ventilation Rate → k_v
Susceptibility to UV → k_i
UV Irradiance → H_{uv}

Risk of Infection

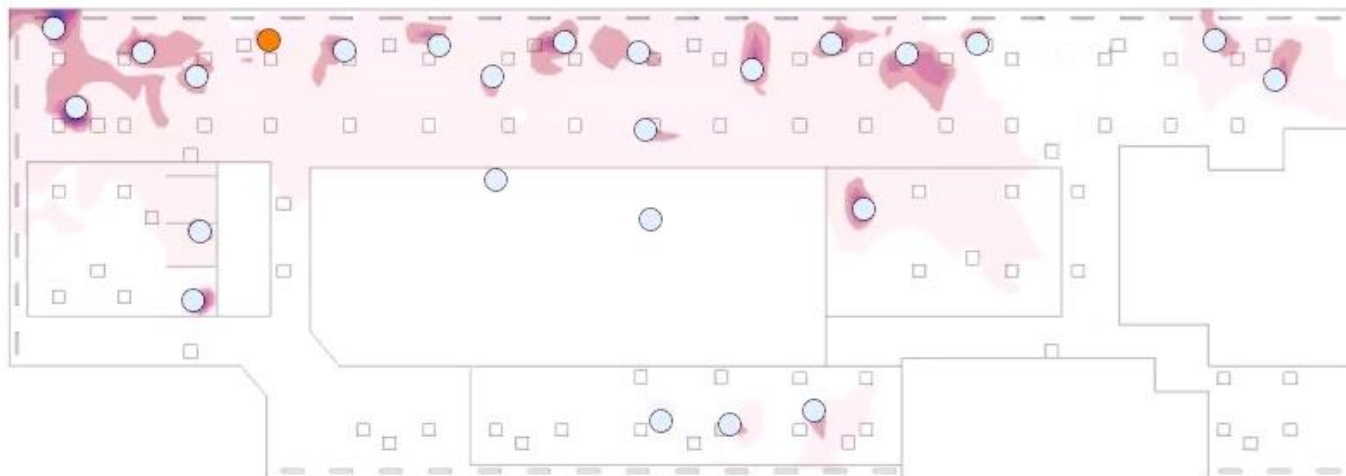
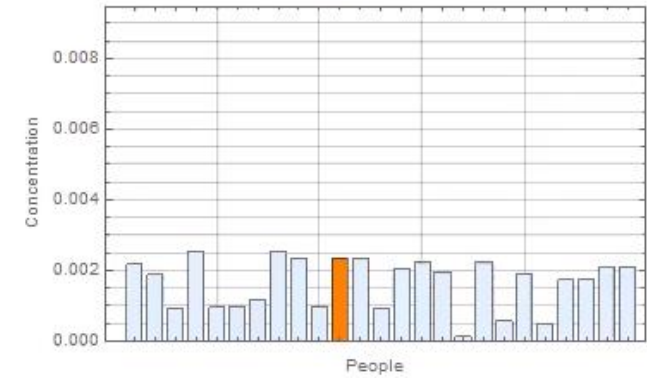


Jones et al., 2021. Simulation of COVID-19 ultraviolet disinfection using coupled ray tracing and CFD. Building Simulation 2021.

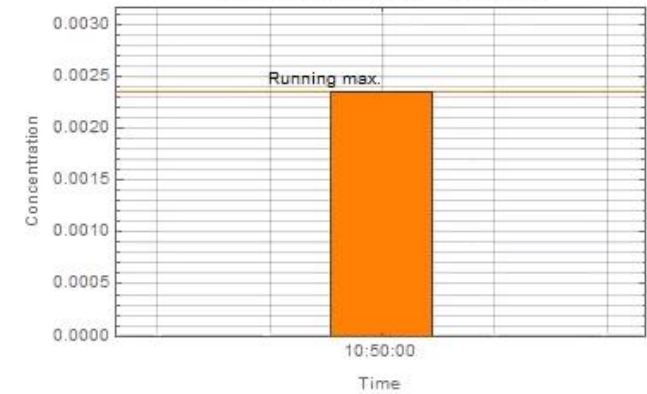
People movement



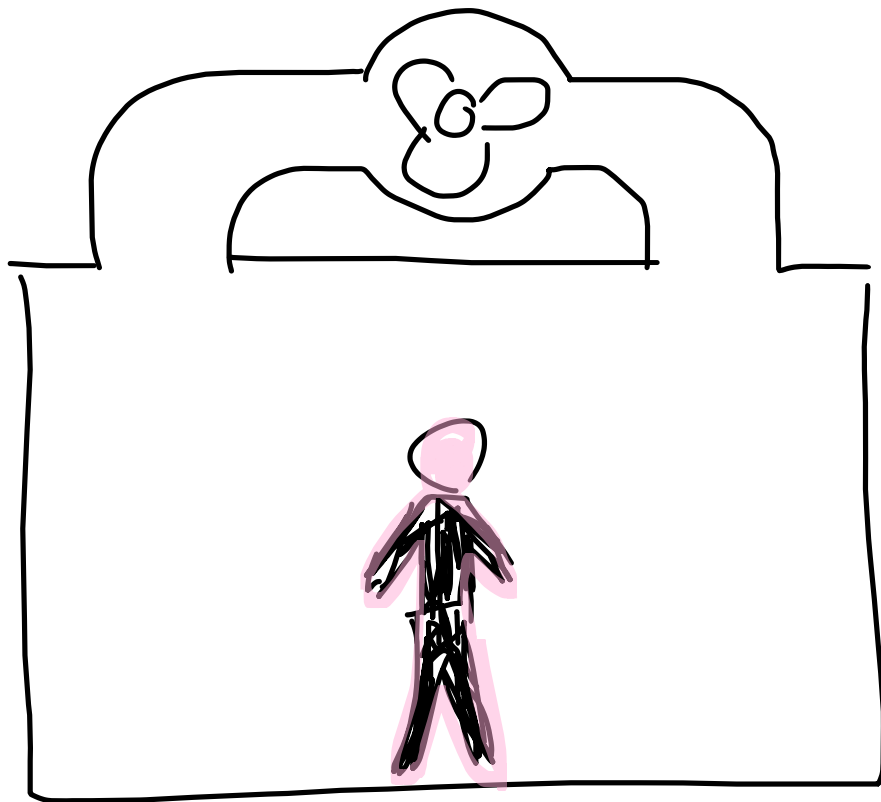
Instantaneous concentration experienced



5-minute average concentration experienced by Person 24



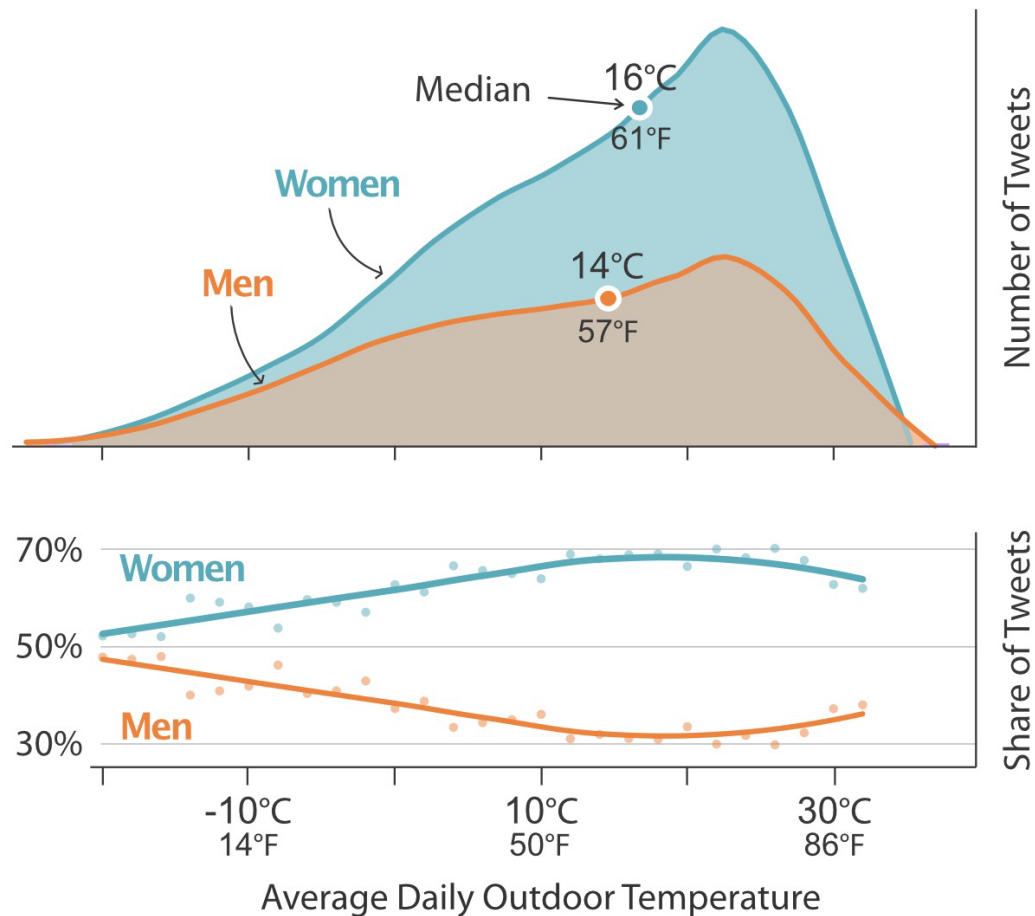
Occupants



Digression

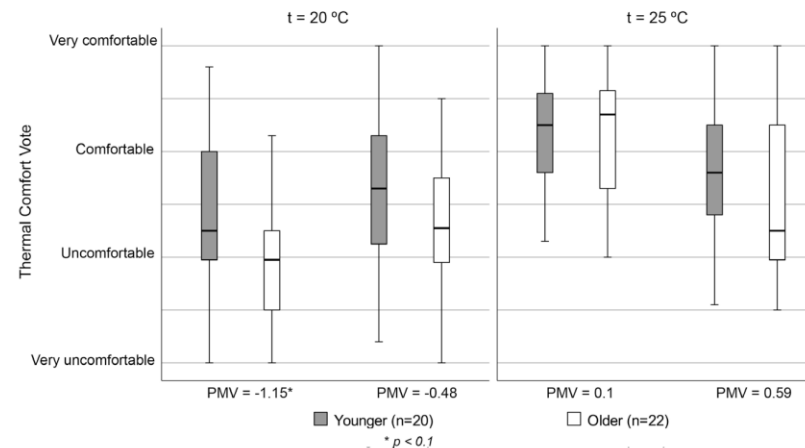
Where did our “*scientific*”
basis for thermal comfort
come from?

Gender

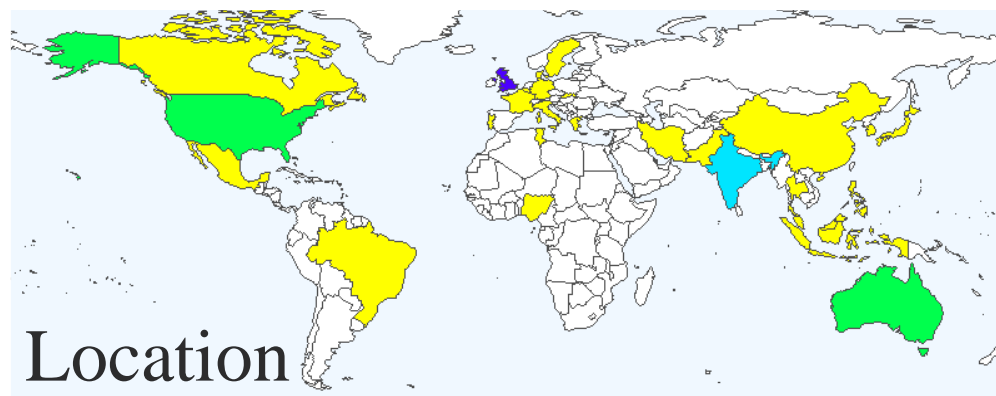


Parkinson *et al.*, 2021. *Overcooling of Offices Reveals Gender Inequality in Thermal Comfort*. Scientific Reports.

Age

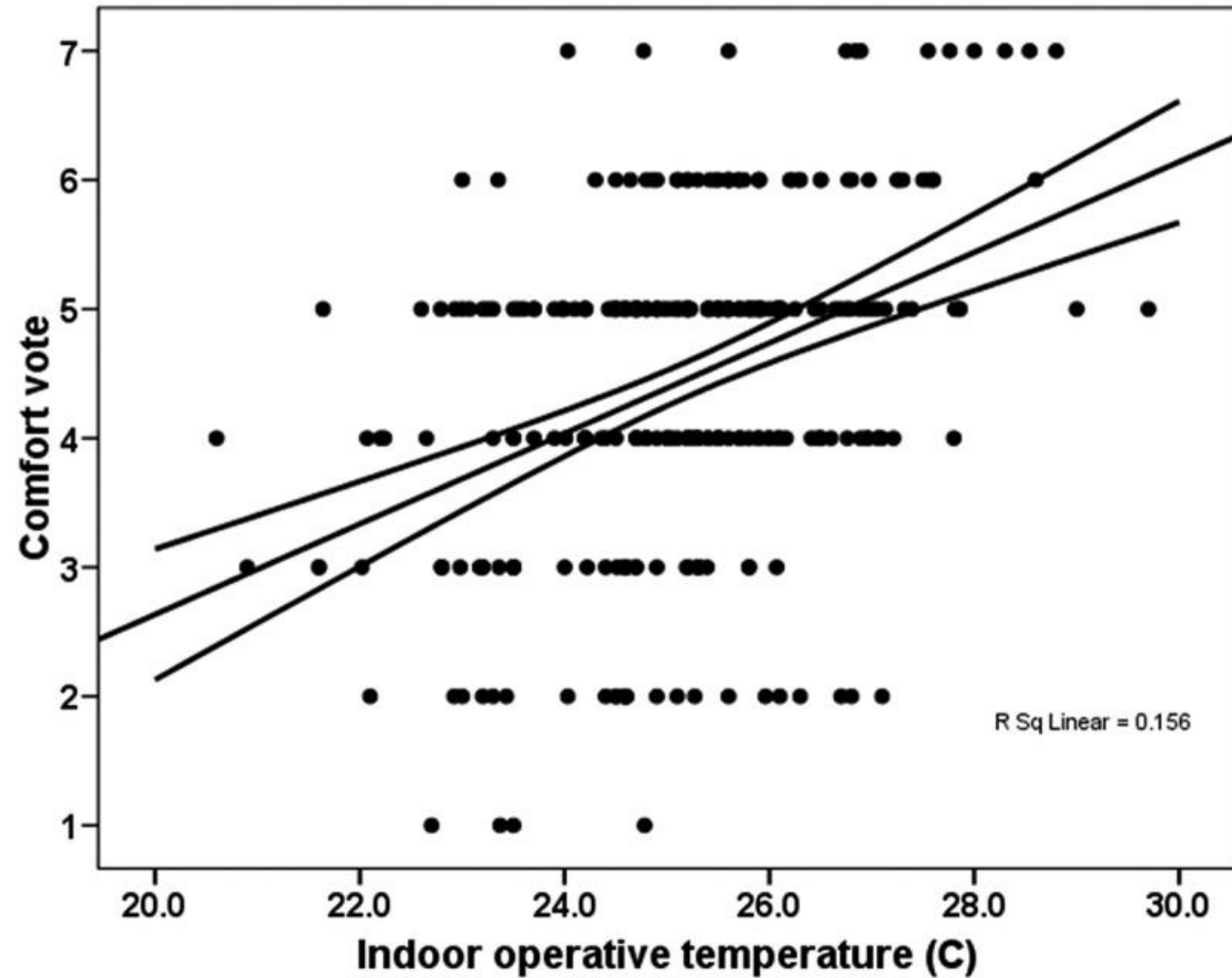


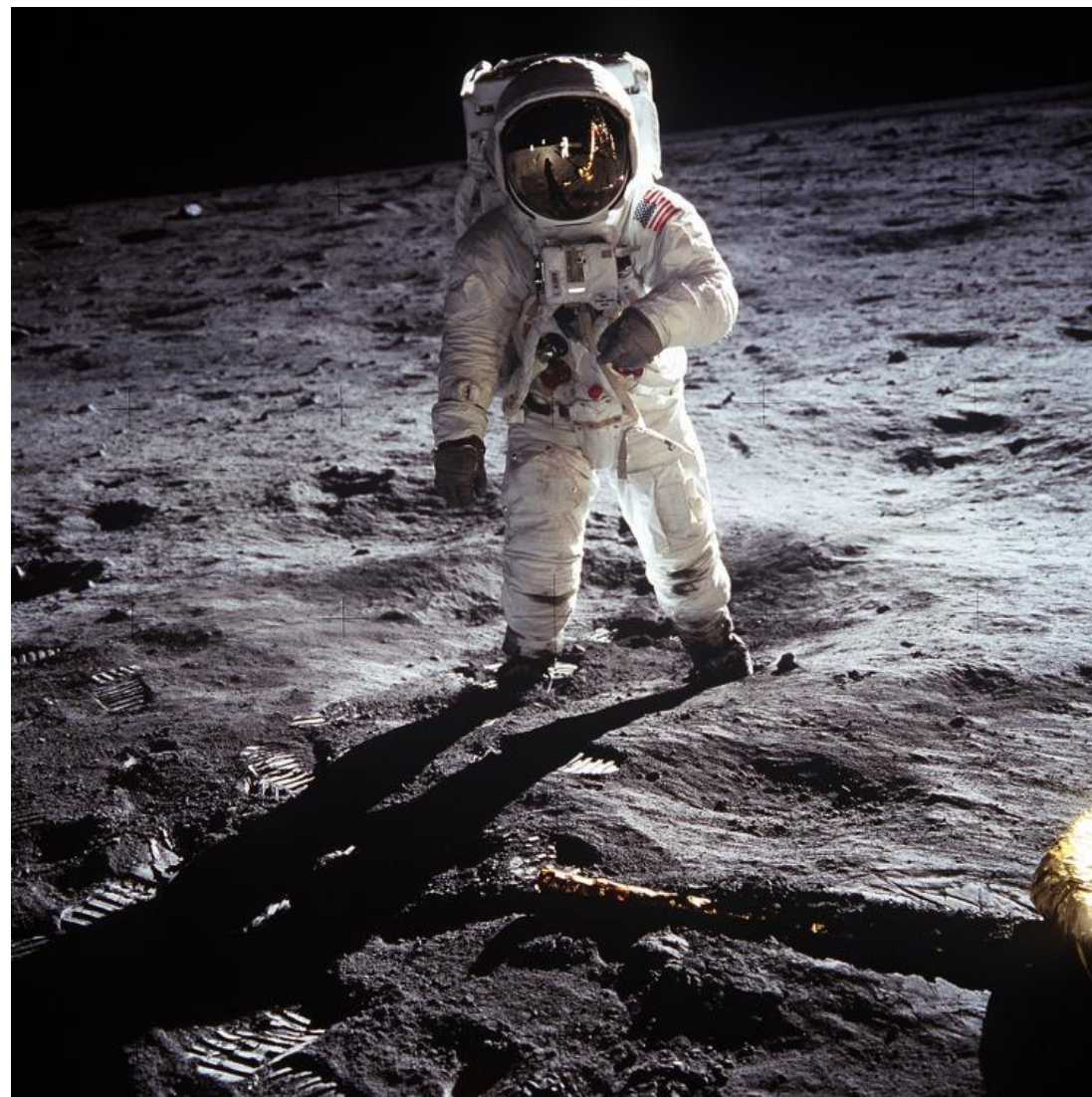
Soebarto *et al.*, 2019. *A thermal comfort environmental chamber study of older and younger people*. Building and Environment.



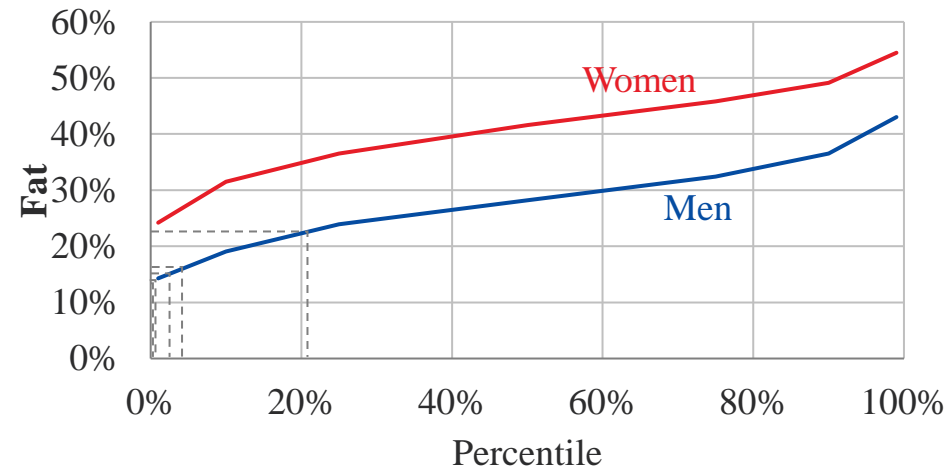
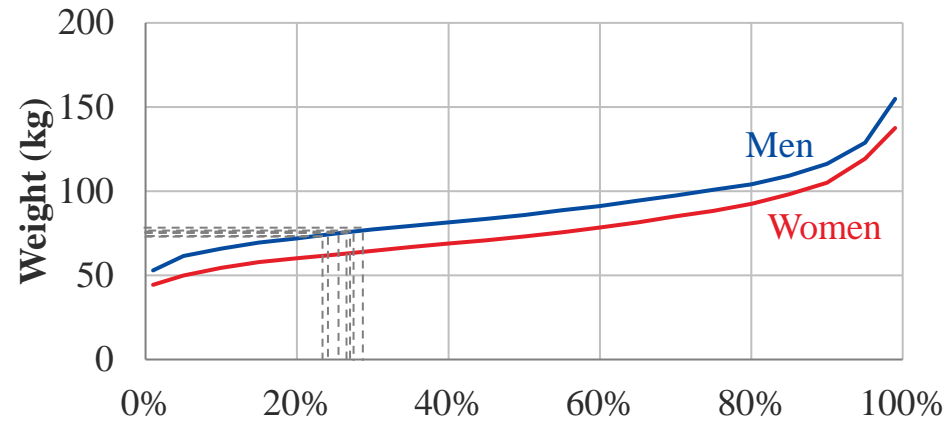
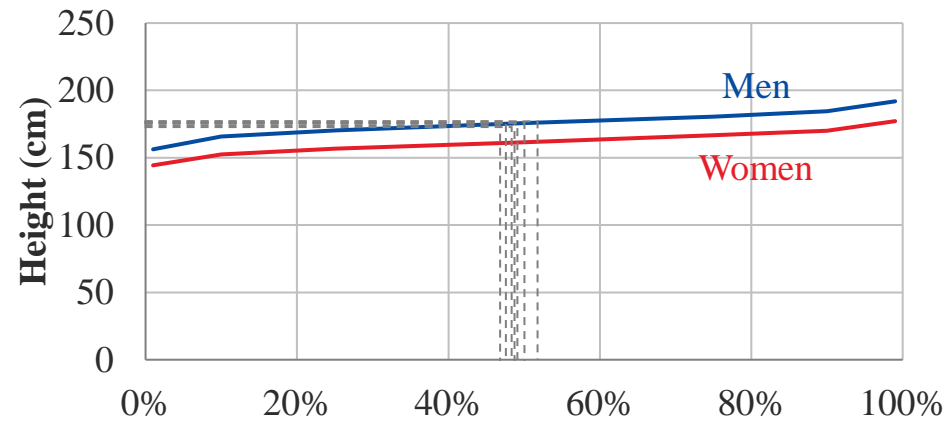
Parkinson *et al.*, 2020. *Nudging the adaptive thermal comfort model*. Energy and Buildings 206.

Scatter of comfort vote and indoor temperature with linear regression line and error lines: UK free-running offices

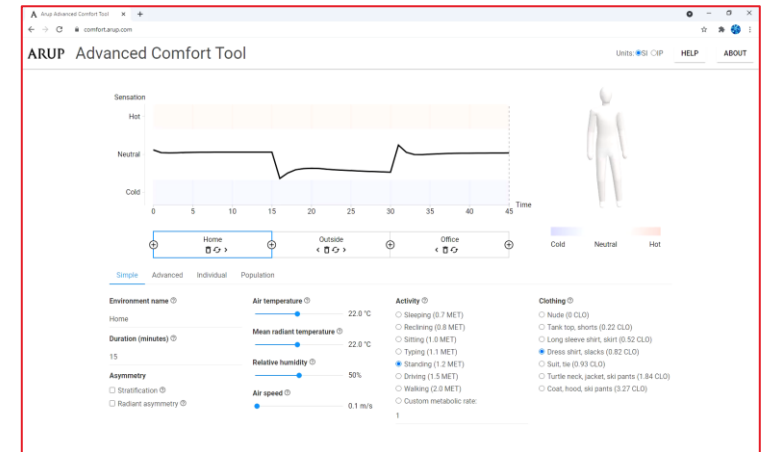
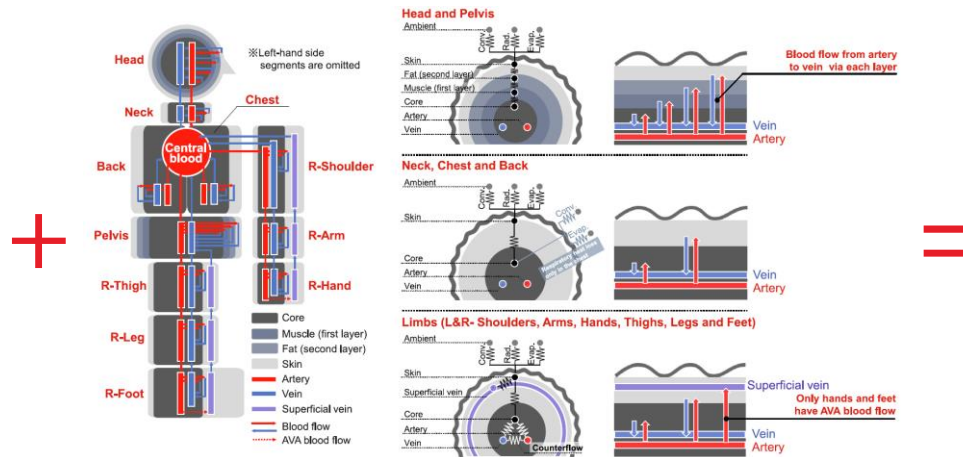




Source	Height (cm)	Weight (kg)	Fat (%)
Stolwijk (1971)	172	74.1	15



comfort.arup.com

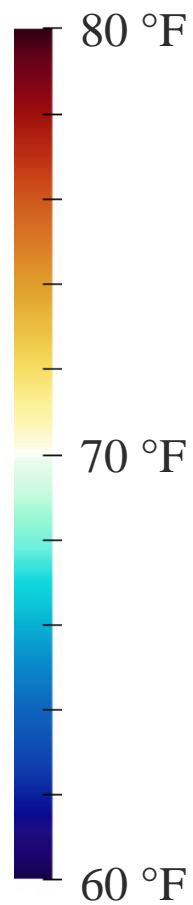


Zhang, *et al.* 2010. Thermal sensation and comfort models for non-uniform and transient environments. *Building and Environment*, 45(2).

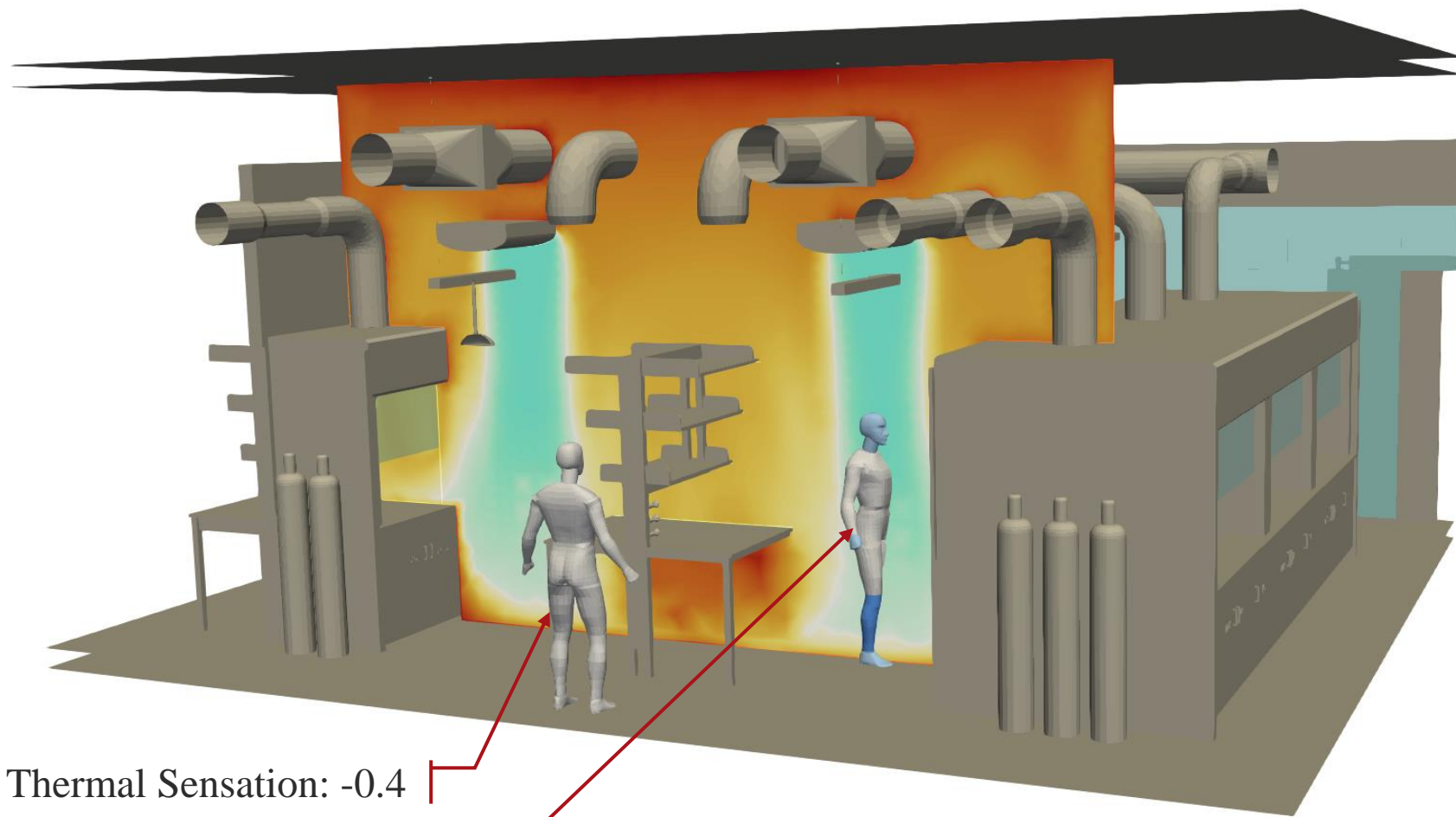
Takahashi *et al.*, 2021. Thermoregulation model JOS-3 with new open source code. *Energy and Buildings* 231.

Jones *et al.*, 2021. *Predicting thermal comfort for diverse populations.* Building Simulation 2021.

Air



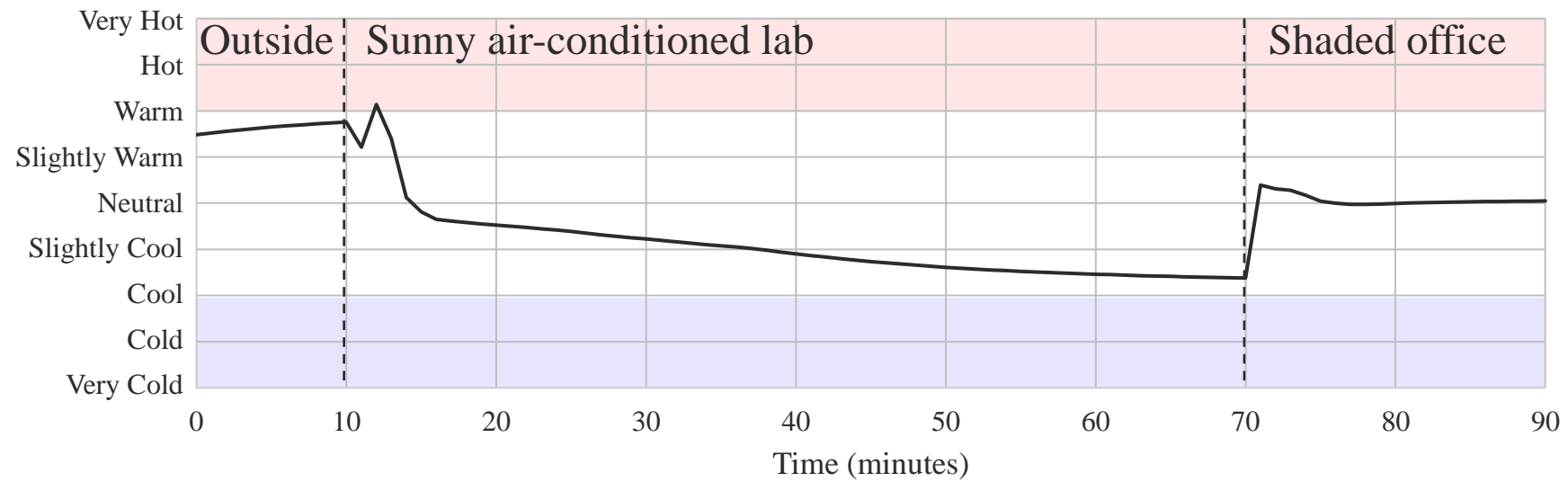
Occupants



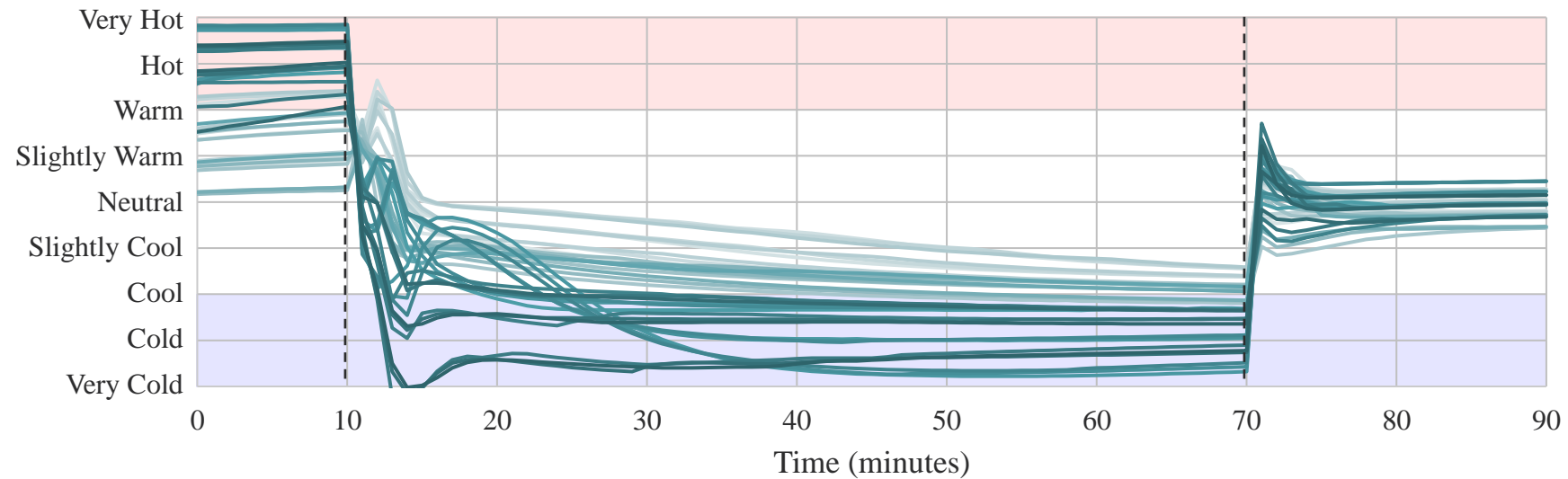
Thermal Sensation: -0.4

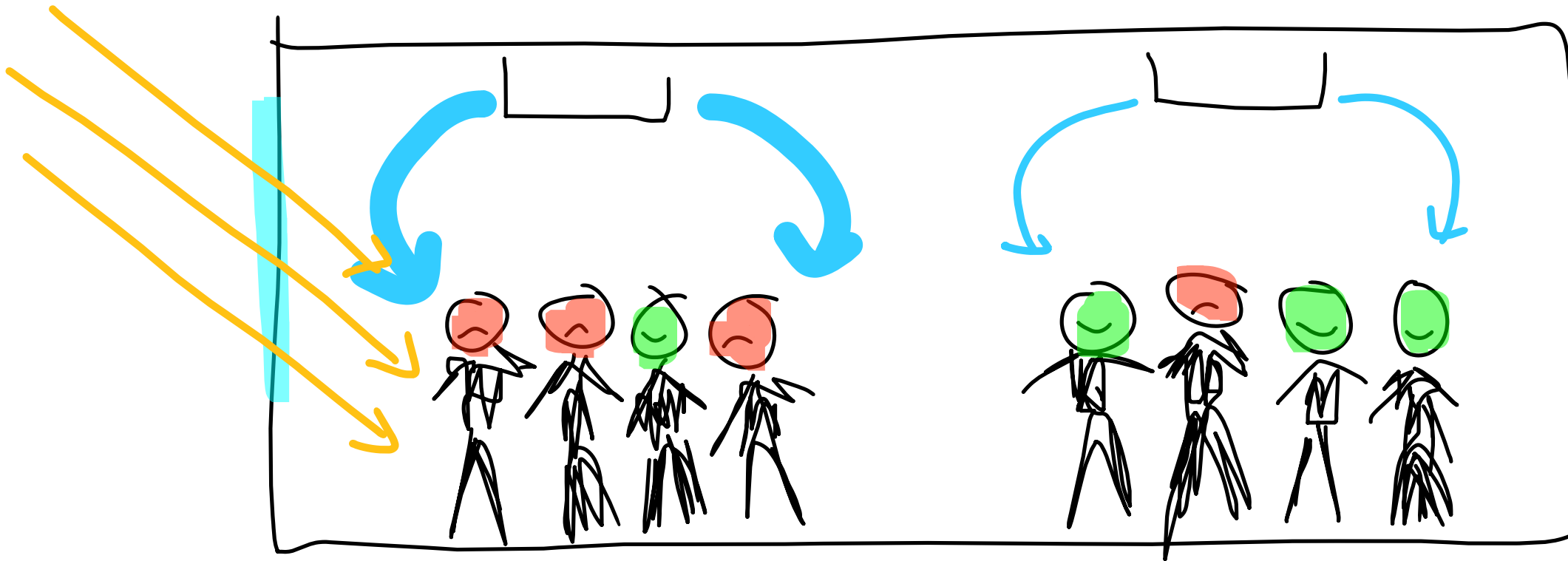
Thermal Sensation: -1.1
Legs and hands colder

Thermal Comfort of “Standard Man”

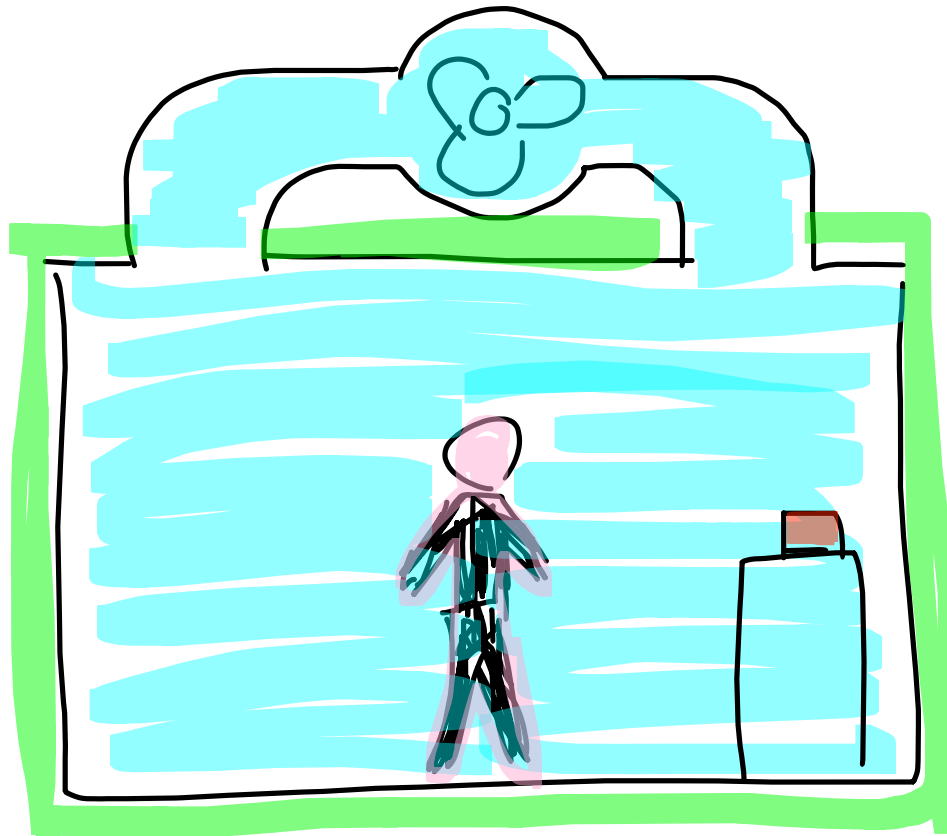


Population Thermal Comfort

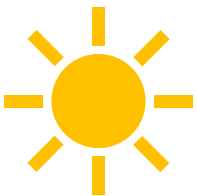




Designing indoor air quality for lab occupants



- Filtering HVAC system
- Low emission materials
- Monitoring
- Space use
- Occupants



Daylight



Glare



Views



Heat

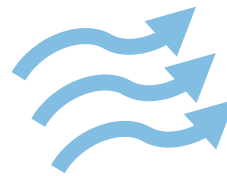


Humidity

Questions?

Nathaniel Jones

nathaniel.jones@arup.com



Wind

ARUP



Pollutants



Smell



Sound



Pathogens

ARUP